# Ferroelectricity Newsletter

# A quarterly update on what's happening in the field of ferroelectricity

Volume 8, Number 3 Summer 2000

#### FeRAMs – STARS OF ISIF 2000

"The most exciting topic of basic science and technology reviewed at the ISIF 2000 was that related to FeRAMs, particularly with the demonstration of "smart cards" based on FeRAMs. In fact, smart cards were used as the official badges for the conference attendees, and they had the opportunity of testing this new technology by exposing the cards to a reader connected to a computer (contactless reading), observing the information (name, affiliation, etc.) on the screen, and interacting with the computer to correct mistakes and reprogram the card."

This quote is taken from **Orlando Auciello**'s report on the 12th International Symposium on Integrated Ferroelectrics held last March in Aachen, Germany. I think that all of us who attended the conference can attest to the high quality of the presentations. In this issue we have tried to give those colleagues who could not make it to Aachen an overview of what happened there.

Our special thanks go to Orlando Auciello for giving us a detailed account of the most important issues in the various sessions (see pages 2 through 10).

As always, we give you an overview of meetings that might be of interest to you. In September, the Society of Photo-Optical Instrumentation Engineers presents a symposium and education program on microelectronic manufacturing in Silicon Valley (see page 29f). On pages 30f and 33, respectively, you will find details about the Materials Research Society's 2000 Fall and 2001 Spring meetings. That brings us to three additional announcements for the next year: The 13th International Symposium on Integrated Ferroelectrics in March (page 32); the 8th International Conference on Ferroelectric Liquid Crystals in August (page 34); and the 10th International Meeting on Ferroelectricity in September (page 35).

Coming back to ISIF 2000, I want to end on a personal note. One of the social programs that surrounded the conference left a particularly strong impression on me. I am referring to the harpsichord recital in the famous Aachen Cathedral, Charlemagne's palatinate chapel. On the inside of the instrument's cover, plainly visible to the audience, were the Latin words "Musica Praeludium Vitae Aeternae," which is, "Music, the prelude to eternal life." I realized how privileged I am to be part of the ferroelectrics community for the simple reason that being alive at a time of such tremendous progress in this field felt like music.

Rudolf Panholzer Editor-in-Chief

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# **Ferroelectricity Newsletter**

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#### REPORT OF ISIF 2000

The science and technology of electroceramic thin films have been two of the fastest evolving interdisciplinary fields of research worldwide during the last eleven years. A major driving force for the extensive research performed during the past ten years in many universities, industrial and national laboratories around the world has been the promise of a variety of applications in a whole new generation of advanced microdevices that may revolutionize various technologies and create new multibillion dollar markets. Properties of electroceramic thin films that have been and are being currently intensively investigated include electrical conductivity, large dielectric permittivity, ferroelectricity, piezoelectricity, pyroelectricity, and electrooptic activity. Perhaps the most publicized application of electrical conductivity of electroceramics has been that related to the new oxide high temperature superconducting (HTSC) materials discovered in the late 1980s, which has been extensively discussed in numerous national and international conferences and in the scientific literature. Although less glamorously publicized than HTSC materials, research on ferroelectrics has expanded approximately the same period of ten years since the late 1980s. However, the main difference today is that we have witnessing the introduction of the first ferroelectric and high dielectric constant thin film-based mass consumption products into the market in the form of "smart cards" based on nonvolatile ferroelectric random access memories (FeRAMs) and cellular phones with high dielectric constant capacitors, respectively, while HTSC-based devices are still a promise for the future. The ISIF 2000 provided a very appropriate forum for reviewing the progress made in the field of integrated ferroelectrics.

The most exciting topic of basic science and technology reviewed at the ISIF2000 was that related to FeRAMs, particularly with the demonstration of "smart cards" based on FeRAMs. In fact, smart cards were used as the official badges for the conference attendees, and they had the opportunity of testing this new technology by exposing the cards to a reader connected to a computer (contactless reading), observing the information (name, affiliation, etc.) on the screen, and interacting with the computer to correct mistakes and reprogram the card.

Other important topics reviewed at the ISIF 2000 included: a) the science and application of ferroelectric materials in high dielectric constant capacitors, which opens new possibilities for manufacturing planar very high-density DRAM memories; b) investigation of piezoelectricity and its exploitation in micromachines such as accelerometers, displacement transducers, and actuators such as those required for inkjet printers, for video-recording head positioning and for micromachining; c) science of pyroelectricity for utilization in the fabrication of high sensitivity room temperature infrared detectors; c) studies of electrooptic activity that can be used in color filter devices, displays, image storage systems, electrooptic waveguides, and optical switches for integrated optical systems. The applications of electroceramic thin films mentioned above are only a part of a more extensive list, which indicates the relevance of these materials in the new technological era of modem society. Substantial progress has been made in the field of synthesis and processing of electroceramic thin films and implementation into prototype devices. However, there are still some critical materials and device issues that need to be solved for the realization of many commercial devices.

Several plenary talks provided an overview of important topics. A plenary talk on FeRAMs revealed that the integration of ferroelectric capacitors with CMOS devices is overcoming major technological challenges such as development of appropriate diffusion barriers for stacking the capacitor directly on top of the drain of the transistor in the 1T/1C architecture. Another plenary talk on FeRAMs was focused on a discussion of the technological challenges related to devices with 0.8 to 0.5 design rules. The speaker in the second plenary talk stated that imprint and endurance are still key issues to be addressed in research on FeRAMs. A plenary talk was given on the status of research on piezoelectric thin films and applications to actuators and sensors in microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). PZT and AlN were reviewed as two important materials for MEMS devices. It was also stated that electrode layers and diffusion barriers play critical roles in the integration of piezoelectric thin films with Si for fabrication of MEMS devices.

Laminated piezoelectric cantilevers and membranes are being exploited for the fabrication of AFM cantilevers, gyros, ultrasonic transducers, and micromotors, among many other MEMS devices. The speaker indicated that high force MEMS devices require relatively thick piezoelectric films. The issue of endurance needs to be addressed, although it is not as critical as in the case of FeRAMs. A plenary talk was focused on the new science of polarization dynamics at the nanoscale. The dynamics of domain walls was investigated using friction force microscopy, dynamic force microscopy, and voltage modulated scanning force microscopy. This topic is critical because is directly relevant to understanding polarization dynamic at the nanoscale for the next generation of nanoscale ferroelectric capacitors which will be necessary for high density FeRAMs. Finally, the last plenary talk was focused on the topic of high-K gate oxide thin films for the new generation of CMOS transistors. An intense research activity is underway at universities, national laboratories and industry to develop a high-K dielectric technology for gate oxides. Two main approaches are being investigated, namely: a) amorphous intermediate-K oxides such as  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$  and b) epitaxial high-K oxides such as  $\text{SrTiO}_3$  and  $\text{Ba}_x\text{Sr}_{1-x}\text{TiO}_3$ . Highlights of the papers presented at the ISIF 2000 are presented below in chronological order of presentation at the conference .

# Monday, 12 March 2000

#### Novel Characterization

This session featured invited and contributed papers on studies of ferroelectric film growth, interface process, and device-related phenomena using a variety of complementary in situ and ex situ characterization techniques. An invited paper in this session addressed studies of ferroelectric thin films growth and interface processes using a novel time-of-flight ion scattering and recoil spectroscopy (TOF-ISARS) technique capable of providing unique insights into film growth and interface processes. This paper discussed recent work using TOF-ISARS which revealed atomic scale information on the better resistance to oxidation, up to 600 °C, of TiAlN with respect to TiN. In addition, this work revealed that a new Ti-Al alloy layer exhibits dual excellent diffusion barrier and bottom electrode functionality when featuring an amorphous microstructure. Work on positron annihilation spectroscopy was presented, which provided new evidence for the effect of oxygen vacancies on imprint. It was demonstrated that positron annihilation spectroscopy is a valuable in situ characterization method that can probe the presence of oxygen vacancies in ferroelectric thin films.

Real time studies of the dynamics of ferroelectric domains in lithium tantalate, using novel far and near-field optical methods, were discussed in a contributed paper. This work revealed that 180 ° domain wall have strains of up to 10<sup>-4</sup> extending over several microns adjacent to the walls. In addition, this real-time analysis revealed that the domain walls exhibit reversible motion at electric fields one order of magnitude lower than the coercive fields. New insights into polarization dynamics, obtained by using scanning force piezoresponse imaging, were discussed in the novel characterization session also. This work revealed the formation of a two dimensional network of 90 ° domains in PZT films on LSCO electrode layers. It was demonstrated that the 90 ° domain walls induce the nucleation of ferroelectric domains that subsequently propagate very rapidly until they produce a complete polarization reversal in the field-excited area.

#### Piezoelectric Devices

The session started with the presentation of an invited paper that reviewed the development of several MEMS devices for smart physical sensing, minimally invasive surgery, robotics, and bioanalytical medicine. The paper described the materials science and integration strategies to fabricate microsensors (for detection of forces, pressure, and acoustic energy), microvalves, micropumps, and capillaries (for microfluidics MEMS), biosensors, micromotors, and surgical and scientific microinstruments.

A contributed paper described a new PZT piezoelectric cantilever for a high-speed atomic force microscope. The work discussed included investigation of the electrode/PZT integration strategies, particularly the effect of the top

electrode layer on the cantilever performance. It was demonstrated that  $RuO_2$  electrodes provided the best performance.

Another contributed paper was presented in which the main topic discussed was the synthesis of lead-scandium-tantalate piezoelectric films at temperatures as low as 650 °C. The piezoelectric and pyroelectric figure of merits were measured between –20 and 90 °C substrate temperature.

The mechanical and electrical fatigue properties of PZT (33/47) films were discussed in a contributed paper. No significant changes in these properties were found up to about  $10^5$  polarization switching cycles. However, a strong decrease in the value of the  $d_{31}$  piezoelectric modulus was observed after  $10^5$  cycles. This reduction was attributed not to depolarization but to mechanical cyclic load.

#### **FeRAMs**

Studies of electrical properties of MOCVD Ir/Ca-doped PZT/Ir capacitors were presented in a contributed paper. It was shown that Ir electrodes may be an alternative electrode material for PZT-based capacitors for FeRAMs.

A second invited paper was focused on a review of the fabrication and performance of PZT-based capacitors with SruO<sub>3</sub> (SRO) electrodes.

The dependence of polarization on the orientation of  $SrBi_2Ta_2O_9$  (SBT) thin films was discussed for SBT films grown on (100) and (111)  $SrTiO_3$  (STO) conductive substrates. This paper showed, as expected from prior theoretical work, that SBT films grown on (100) STO substrates have the c-axis oriented perpendicular to the surface of the substrate and exhibit zero polarization, while films grown on the (111) STO substrates, for which the polarization vector lies along the direction perpendicular to the substrate surface, exhibit the highest polarization (16  $\mu$ C/cm²) demonstrated today for SBT-based capacitors.

The electrical properties of SrRuO<sub>3</sub>/PZT/SrRuO<sub>3</sub> capacitors were reviewed in an invited paper. It was demonstrated that these capacitors exhibit improved switching charge, polarization saturation, and fatigue resistance compared with PZT-based capacitors without SRO electrodes.

Results from measurements of the relaxation mechanism in PZT and SBT thin films were presented in a contribute paper. The studies involved procedures based on conventional polarization hysteresis and fast pulse measurements to investigate the fast read and write access of a FeRAM in a nanosecond time interval.

Work on the fabrication of low voltage (3 V) PZT-based capacitors was discussed in a contributed paper. It was demonstrated that secondary phases in the PZT layer resulted in substantial degradation of the electrical properties of the capacitors. The secondary phases were eliminated by using a two step annealing process.

#### **Chemical Deposition**

This session started with the presentation of an invited paper focused on a review of chemical solution routes for the synthesis of ferroelectric thin films. It was clear from this presentation that in spite of the many years of research on chemical solution synthesis of ferroelectric films it is still not known how changes in properties such as chemical homogeneity from molecule to molecule, precursor size, reactivity, and molecular weight impact the crystallization behavior and electrical properties of the ferroelectric films. Results from analytical investigations together with insights into precursor properties were discussed in the context of the development of more robust chemical solution routes for the synthesis of ferroelectric films.

A new low temperature (650 °C) chemical solution deposition process was presented for the synthesis for SBT thin films. The process involves the optimization of several parameters (i.e., film stoichiometry and thickness, anneal ambient and temperature ramp rate, UV light processing energy, and precursor solvent) to suppress the fluorite undesirable second phase generally seen when trying to produced SBT films at low processing temperatures. The SBT films produced using the new processing route exhibit excellent electrical properties for FeRAMs.

# Pyrolectric and Optical Applications

An invited paper was presented on the latest development in the bulk and thin film technology of LiNbO<sub>3</sub>, BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, and KNbO<sub>3</sub> materials for electrooptic devices.

The description of a new dielectric bolometer based on BST thin films prepared by the chemical solution route was presented in a contributed paper. The bolometer features a stress-balanced structure achieved via a multilayered membrane scheme that avoids the formation of cracks and deformation characteristic of prior processes. The bolometer exhibits good pyroelectric properties suitable for application in uncooled infrared detectors.

# Tuesday, 14 March 2000 Modeling and Theory

A theory on the behavior of ferroelectric materials with composition close to the morphotropic phase boundary was discussed in an invited paper. The excellent physical properties of sensors and actuators fabricated with ferroelectric materials with morphotropic phase boundary composition are attributed to the soft dielectric and electrical properties of the materials with these compositions.

A Landau-Ginsburg-Devonshire-type thermodynamic theory was presented to account for dense laminar domain structures in epitaxial BaTiO<sub>3</sub> and PbTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films. Calculations were performed to understand the distribution of lattice strains, internal stresses, and spontaneous polarization in polydomain films (with domain walls much smaller than the film thickness). The calculations showed that reversible translational displacements of domain walls from their equilibrium positions may be induced by the applied electric field, creating an additional extrinsic contribution to the permittivity of the ferroelectric layer.

A contributed paper was presented on the calculation of Schottky barrier heights and band offsets of various high-K dielectric materials. The calculations indicated that the Schottky barrier pinning factor S is of the order of 0.28 for SrTiO<sub>3</sub>, so the barrier depends weakly on the metal work function, which is in agreement with experiments.

# **Chemical Deposition**

A contributed paper was presented which was focused on discussing modeling of transport and growth phenomena in a shower head-based MOCVD reactor for the synthesis of oxide thin films. The model is based on numerical solutions of coupled nonlinear partial differential equations describing the conservation of mass, momentum, energy, and chemical species.

The MOCVD growth of SBT thin films, using alkoxide-based precursors and a novel precursor delivery system based on a pressurized injector, was discussed in a contributed paper.

# Testing and Characterization

The session started with an invited paper focused on a discussion of the influence of experimental procedures on reliability issues of ferroelectric thin films for memory applications. Both PZT and SBT-based capacitors were characterized for dimensions and frequencies close to those used in FeRAMs. It was shown that the excitation signal and frequency influence the extrapolated values of device lifetime. It was also demonstrated that measure-

ments of the quasi-static polarization hysteresis provide information on the type of failure mode dominating in an NVFRAM device.

An empirical reliability model, based on temperature and stress accelerating factors, to predict the switching behavior of FeRAMs up to 10<sup>15</sup> cycles, was discussed in a contributed presentation. It was demonstrated that temperature is a weak accelerating factor for fatigue, while fatigue lifetime predictions are better modeled using the well-known Eyring model.

A drain current data capture system for metal-ferroelectric-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MFSFET) was discussed in a contributed paper. The system consists of a voltage pulse generator interface bus controller, dual power supplies, a custom MFSFET evaluation circuit, and several custom software modules. Software was developed to collect drain current from all MFSFETs simultaneously.

This session finished with an invited paper focused on the discussion of the status of knowledge on polarization fatigue. The data presented indicate that there are still some issues to be resolved in relation to how the oxygen vacancies localization affect the fatigue process.

# Nano-size Effects

A contributed paper was presented with a discussion of patterning and testing of sub-100 nm capacitors. The patterning was produced using a new generation of electron beam direct writing system. Switching of 100 nm PZT-based capacitors was achieved as indicated by measurements of the piezoelectric response using an AFM-based piezoresponse imaging technique.

A new method for producing sputter-deposited PZT thin films with large grains ( $\sim 40 \, \mu m$  long) was discussed in an invited presentation. Crystallized PZT dots were used a seeds for growing grains laterally to form a square pattern on a Pt electroded substrate. The electrical characteristic of these large grain PZT-based capacitors were superior to those of polycrystalline PZT-based capacitors.

#### **Physical Deposition**

This session started with an invited paper reviewing the status of pulsed laser ablation deposition of ferroelectric and antiferroelectric thin films. Particular emphasis was given to a discussion of the synthesis of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub>, SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub>, and SrBi<sub>2</sub> (Nb,Ta) <sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub>, PZT and PbZrO<sub>2</sub>.

The effect of crystallographic orientation of SBT thin films on the polarization properties were discussed in a contributed paper in relation to the synthesis of these films using PLD. Films consisted of region with single orientation and others with mixed (110), (100), and (001) orientation. The regions with mixed orientation featured rectangular as well as equiaxed grains protruding out of a smooth c-oriented background. Regions with mixed orientation exhibited good hysteresis loops, while c-axis oriented regions did not show polarization. Nanoscale probes were used to switch nanoregions to investigate the switching behavior of nanoscale capacitors.

The properties of reactively sputtered  $IrO_x$  electrode layers, for use in PZT-based capacitors, were discussed in a contributed paper. Changes in the  $IrO_x$  film properties were quantified using a combination of x-ray diffraction, sheet resistance, and stress, which showed that the crystalline structure of the  $IrO_x$  layer affects the switching properties of the capacitors.

#### **DRAM**

This session started with an invited paper on prospects for high permittivity dielectrics for high density DRAMs. Alternative schemes for these devices include MIS and MIM  $TaO_x$ , or amorphous  $TaO_x$  / Pt, RuO<sub>x</sub>, or Ru heterostructure electrodes. Amorphous  $TaO_x$  exhibit a permittivity of about 25, while crystalline  $Ta_xO_5$  on Pt or RuO<sub>x</sub> exhibits a permittivity ~ 40.

The effect of the thickness of Pt bottom electrode layers in cup-type BST capacitors on their electrical properties was investigated for bottom electrode thickness of up to 15 nm. For cup-type capacitors, the thickness of the bottom electrode should be as small as possible. It was determined that the electrical properties of the BST capacitors did not degrade substantially down to 15 nm bottom Pt electrode layers.

The fundamental understanding of materials issues in ferroelectric thin films were discussed in a contributed paper. It was shown that for PLD-deposited SrTiO<sub>3</sub> films that exhibit some strain, the cubic-to-tetragonal transition temperature is about 800 °K, as compared with the 105 K transition of single crystals. In films with little strain the transition is about 125 K, i.e., closer to that of a single crystal. It was also shown that the temperature dependence of the low-frequency complex dielectric constant exhibits a markedly different behavior with respect to that of a single crystal.

The session concluded with an invited paper focused on a discussion of the microstructure-property relationship of BST-based capacitors for DRAMs and high frequency devices. Magnetron sputter-deposited BST films can provide capacitors with high tunability (3-4:1) and low losses (~0.0037, one of the lowest demonstrated for sputter-deposited BST films). MOCVD produced BST films that integrated with Pt electrodes resulted in capacitors with excellent properties for DRAMs.

# Wednesday, 15 March 2000

#### Circuits and Devices

A comparison between standard and chain-type FeRAMs architectures was presented in a contributed paper. It was shown that the chain-type architecture exhibits superior performance over that of the conventional 1T/1C architecture. The use of the Preisach theory of hysteresis provided device performance results that compared well with experiments.

An invited paper was presented on the status of integration of passive components in thin film based devices. There is a drive for producing coupling capacitors, resistors and inductors using integrated thin film components on the IC boards. The trend for integration is similar to that for the semiconductor industry.

This session finished with an invited paper focused on a discussion of the trend in the development of the chain-type architecture for FeRAMs. This configuration enables: a) a small memory cell (4f²), which covers half the area of the conventional cell, and b) access and cycle time as fast as that of DRAMs. Prototype chain-type FeRAMs have been demonstrated for megabit-scale memories. Random access times of ~37 ns and read/write cycles of ~ 80 ns at 3.3 V have been demonstrated.

#### **DRAM**

The session started with an invited paper on the status of research on the ferroelectric properties of epitaxial BaTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films on Si substrates. BaTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films were prepared on SrRuO<sub>3</sub>/Pt/TiAlN/Si substrates. The BST films grow with the c-axis normal to the substrate surface. No polarization fatigue were observed for capacitors excited with 3 V up to 10<sup>11</sup> switching cycles.

Segregation phenomena in thin films of BaTiO<sub>3</sub> exposed to 600 °C processing temperature were studied using AFM, SIMS, and XPS analysis. These studies revealed substantial changes in the surface morphology and in-depth elemental distribution suggesting that chemical restructuring occur in these films, comparable to similar effects observed in crystalline material.

The session concluded with an invited paper discussing the stacked-capacitor scheme for DRAMs. The properties of the capacitors depend strongly on the deposition method and conditions, the electrode layer and the electrode/BST interface conditions. The mechanism influencing the capacitance and charge degradation as well as the influence of forming gas annealing on the electrical properties of the capacitors were discussed in detail.

# Integration

The status of research on high-K oxide thin films for field effect transistors with epitaxial  $SrTiO_3$  gate dielectric on Si. The capacitance of 110 Å dielectric films is electrically equivalent to less than 10 Å of  $SiO_2$ . The interface trap density of states between the  $SrTiO_3$  and the Si substrate is about  $6.4 \times 10^{10}$  states/cm² eV, while the inversion layer mobility is 221 cm²/Vs and  $62 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$  for n-channel and p-channel devices, respectively. The gate leakage in these devices is  $\sim 2$  orders of magnitude smaller than for a similar  $SiO_3$  gate.

A new damascene approach for patterning Pt, Ir, and IrO<sub>2</sub> was described in a contributed paper. Chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) involving new slurries with standard abrasives and oxidizers were used for the CMP process. The TEOS erosion was about 20-40 nm providing good selectivity between the TEOS and IrO<sub>2</sub>. The polished surface of the Ir, IrO<sub>2</sub> and TEOS exhibited a roughness of about 0.2-5 nm. The results discussed in this paper indicate that the damascene process described here is compatible with an industrial environment.

The fabrication of double metal FeRAMs without degradation of remanent polarization, using an Ir/IrO<sub>2</sub> barrier layer between the top Pt electrode of the capacitor and the Al metallization, was discussed in a contributed paper. It was demonstrated that Ir/IrO<sub>2</sub> layer works much better than TiN as a barrier to inhibit the reaction of Pt and Al, while exhibiting a contact resistant close to that of TiN. The Ir/IrO<sub>2</sub> barrier may be applicable for integration to both PZT and SBT-based capacitors.

#### Field Effect Devices

The session started with an invited paper discussing theoretical and experimental work to develop an all-oxide nanoscale FET device. It was shown that p-type devices with YBCO channels and SrTiO<sub>3</sub> gates have been fabricated with channel lengths of 5-10 microns, on/of ratios of up to 10,000 and currents up to 0.7 mA. Computer simulations predict that adequate on/of ratios and currents can be obtained for a 10 nm channel length device.

A novel approach to control ferroelectric polarization direction by shaping the perovskite ferroelectric film grown on Si was discussed in a contributed paper. For perovskites grown directly on Si substrates, the differential thermal expansion between film and substrate induce a biaxial stress in the plane of film such that the polarization axis lies in the plane. This polarization direction is not suitable for affecting the surface potential of the Si interface as required for FFET-based memories. A solution to this problem was provided by shaping the ferroelectric film into a mesa structure, which helps turn the polarization direction along the axis normal to the substrate surface.

A read-disturb-free ferroelectric gate FET memory was described in a contributed paper. In this scheme, the increase in the channel current of the transistor in the off state, produced by the repetitive applications of the read bias in the conventional approach, is suppressed by making the surface potential to take a flat-band structure, such that the memory window depends on the surface potential difference between the flat-band state (off-state) and the depletion state (on-state) under the gate.

The physics of epitaxial oxide templates on Si was discussed in a contributed paper focused on describing a method of producing stable templates for growing high-K thin films on Si. This work demonstrated that a few unit cells of SrTiO<sub>3</sub> acts as a robust substrate enabling transfer through air and overgrowth of further epitaxial high-K films.

# High Frequency Devices

Ferroelectric tunable coplanar waveguide and conductor based coplanar waveguide components for Ku and K-band applications were discussed in a contributed paper. The main objective of the work discussed in this paper was to study the effect of inserting a ferroelectric tuning layer in coplanar waveguide (CPW) and conductor-backed CPW (CBCPW) components using theoretical modeling and experimental verification.

The current status of BST thin films integration into tunable microwave components was discussed in an invited paper. The fabrication and characterization of phase shifters for phase array antennas and tunable filters from various groups were discussed.

A second invited paper was presented focusing on recent advances on the synthesis and characterization of BST films and their integration into phase sifters. BST films produced by magnetron sputtering by the group presenting this paper exhibit very high tunability (4:1) and one of the lowest losses (~0.003) demonstrated today for sputter-deposited films. These films were used to produce high performance phase shifters featuring monolithic integrated BST capacitors in transmission lines.

The influence of strain on the microwave dielectric properties of BST films were discussed in another invited paper in this session. BST films grown by PLD on MgO and LaAlO<sub>3</sub> substrates exhibit a tetragonal distorted structure due mainly to lattice mismatch between the film and the substrate. X-ray analysis showed oxygen vacancies at the film-substrate interface that lead to enlarged film lattice with respect to the substrate. The number of oxygen vacancies is reduced by oxygen annealing of the films, although this does not result in strain reduction. The work discussed in this paper indicates that BST films with low stress are required to produce capacitors with high tunability and low losses. Studies with similar results as those described above were described in another contributed paper by an independent group, which also demonstrated that film strain play a critical role in defining the high frequency properties of the BST-based capacitors.

The effect of electrode materials on GHz ZnO film bulk-acoustic-wave resonator was discussed in a contributed paper. ZnO films grown on Au exhibit an abrupt interface, while ZnO films grown on Al show amorphous interface layer. The ZnO/electrode interface plays a critical role in controlling the high frequency properties of the devices based on these films.

# Integration

Electrode and barrier materials issues related to stacked capacitors for ferroelectric memories were reviewed in an invited paper that opened this session. For SBT-based capacitors, the high processing temperature required to achieve good electrical properties places stringent constrains on the diffusion barriers, while these constrains appear to be less stringent for the case of PZT-based capacitors.

The mechanisms underlying the plasma etching processes in reactive ion etching for capacitor patterning were discussed in a contributed paper. PZT can be appropriately etched with CCl<sub>4</sub>/CF<sub>4</sub>+Ar plasmas. Etching of RuO2 can be accomplished with O<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>4</sub> and SF<sub>6</sub> plasmas.

Cross-contamination processes during the fabrication of PZT-based FeRAMs were discussed in a contributed paper. It has been determined that Pb, Zr, and Ti contaminants can be transferred, through tools previously exposed to PZT, on

to wafers, with concentrations up to  $\sim 10^{10}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>, while Ir contaminant is transferred only with concentrations up to  $10^9$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. In any case all these contaminants can be eliminated with conventional surface cleaning processes.

Studies of hydrogen degradation of ferroelectric capacitors were presented in contributed papers. In two independent studies, it was shown that hydrogen interaction with SBT layers leads to Bi depletion and creation of associated oxygen vacancies, resulting is severe polarization reduction. In one of the studies, detailed cross-section TEM analysis revealed that hydrogen interaction with SBT results in depletion of Bi from a near surface region about 30 nm deep and strong accumulation of Bi at grain boundaries, which can account for the nearly 10 order of magnitude increase in leakage current of SBT capacitors exposed to hydrogen processes. Oxygen recovery anneal results in partial recovery of Bi in the depleted region, and partial reduction in leakage. Further work is urgently needed to understand and control the hydrogen-based degradation processes.

The optimization of the Pt/SBT/CeO $_2$ / Si(001) gate stack for low voltage ferroelectric field effect transistor was discussed in a contributed paper. It was found the leakage current across SBT capacitors increased with Ce content in the diffusion barrier, while the polarization decreased from 20  $\mu$ C/cm $^2$  for pure SBTR capacitors to about 13  $\mu$ C/cm $^2$  for SBT layers purposely contaminated with Ce.

#### Poster Session

A new IR nonlinear optical material (CsGeCl<sub>3</sub>) with high NLO coefficient and damage threshold was described in a poster.

The benefits of using conducting oxide electrodes for pyroelectric devices were discussed in a poster focused on the investigation of LSCO electrodes for pyroelectric devices.

Micromachined 4 x 4 pyroelectric sensor array using PMN-PT were described in a poster in which it was demonstrated that these films should be considered as good alternatives for this application.

A poster on the piezoelectric properties of Nb-doped PZT showed that 1-2% Nb doping results in the optimization of the  $d_{22}$  coefficient.

The effect of domain structure, 90 ° rotation and 180 ° switching processes on the dielectric properties of polycrystal-line PZT films was discussed in view of the relevance of electrochemical effects in ferroelectric films.

Detailed studies of H-induced degradation of SBT films were presented, showing the power of combined in situ ion bean analysis and ex situ cross section TEM to understand the degradation mechanisms.

AFM Piezoresponse imaging provided new insights into the effect of electrode edges on the fatigue properties of PZT capacitors. Fatigue was preferentially induced first on the edges of the electrodes, while it was delayed by one to two cycle-decades at the center of the electrodes.

Work on imaging of ferroelectric domains using the AFM piezoresponse imaging was reported in several posters. A new mechanism to account for superfast switching was proposed on the bases of studies of domain kinetics by in situ visualization of instantaneous domain patterns using SEM and SFM methods.

The synthesis of various ferroelectric thin films by MOCVD, sputter-deposition, PLD, and sol-gel, including PZT and SBT, and characterization of their ferroelectric properties were described in several posters.

Several posters presented work directed at developing low temperature processing of SBT thin films with the main objective of reducing the thermal budget for fabrication of FeRAMs.

# 12TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON INTEGRATED FERROELECTRICS (ISIF 2000)

The following is a list of titles and authors of oral and poster contributions given at the 12th International Symposium on Integrated Ferroelectrics, held 12-15 March 2000 in Aachen, Germany.

# OralContributions PLENARIES

FeRAM 2000: Where is this technology today?

C. Mazuré

FeRAM integration technology, today and tomorrow

T. Otsuki, T. Sumi, E. Fujii, Y. Shimada, Y. Judai, Y. Sasai, K. Sato, L.D. McMillan, and C.A. Paz de Araujo

Nanoaspects and experiments of ferroelectric domains and domain walls

L. Eng

Piezoelectric thin films: From smart materials to smart applications *P. Muralt* 

Development of new high K dielectrics for silicon logic devices: An urgent requirement and major challenge

Angus I. Kingon and Jon-Paul Maria

# NOVEL CHARACTERIZA-TION

Image production mechanism for scanning nonlinear dielectricmicroscopy with super high resolution and its application to quantitative evaluation of linear and nonlinear dielectric properties of ferroelectric materials

Y. Cho, K. Ohara, S. Kazuta, and H. Odagawa

Characterization of domain struc-

tures in epitaxial PZT thin films using synchrotron XRD effects of elastic strain relaxation

K.S. Lee and S. Baik

Selective activation of single domains in ferroelectric (111) PZT and (100) SBT films: Collective lattice dynamics

Ch. E. Zybill

Nonlinear optical probing of ferroelectric oxides

E.D. Mishina, N.E. Sherstyuk, K.A. Vorotilov, E.Ph. Pevtsov, A.S. Sigov, and Th. Rasing

Investigation of the impurities and defects in PZT thin films

I.P. Bykov, S.M. Kornienko, M.D.

I.P. Bykov, S.M. Kornienko, M.D. Glinchuk, P.S. Vilarinho, J.L. Baptista, and L. Jastrabik

Polarization profile of RF-sputtered self-polarized PZT thin films

G. Suchaneck, R. Koehler, Th. Sandner, G. Gerlach, A. Deineka, L. Jastrabik, A.I. Kosarev, and A.N. Andronov

Dynamics of dielectric and ferroelectric interfaces via *in situ* TEM *V.P. Dravid* 

Studies of ferroelectric thin film growth and heterostructure interface processes via *in situ* analytical techniques

A.R. Krauss, A.M. Dhote, O Auciello, J. Im, E.A. Irene, Y. Gao, A.H. Muller, S. Aggarwal, and R. Ramesh Vacancy-related defect profiling of (Pb,La)(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> thin film capacitors using positron annihilation

T. Friessnegg, D.J. Keeble, B. Nielsen, S. Aggarwal, R. Ramesh, and E.H. Poindexter

Real-time study of the dynamics of ferroelectrics domains in lithium tantalate by far-field and near-field optical techniques

V. Gopalan, T.J. Yang, U. Mohideen, K. Kitamura, and Y. Furukawa

Direct observation of polarization relaxation in ferroelectric thin films C.S. Ganpule, V. Nagarajan, S. Aggarweal, E. Williams, and R. Ramesh

*In situ* evolution studies of sol-gel prepared PZT films

Laura Fe, G. Norga, D.J. Wouters, Ria Nouwen, and L.C. Van Poucke

#### PIEZOELECTRIC DEVICES

Ultrasonic plate-wave sensing, pumping and particle manipulation *R. White* 

Epitaxial piezoelectric heterostructures for high frequency medical ultrasound transducer applications

C.B. Eom

Epitaxial Pb(Mg<sub>1/3</sub>Nb<sub>2/3</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> – PbTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films grown by MOCVD *P.K. Baumann, S.K. Streiffer, G.R. Bai, K. Gosh, O. Auciello, C. Thompson, S.* 

Stemmer, R.A. Rao, C.-B. Eom, F. Xu, S. Trolier-McKinstry, D.-J. Kim, J.-P. Maria, and A.I. Kingon

Processing optimization of solution derived PZT thin films for piezoelectric applications

A. Seifert, N. Ledermann, S. Hiboux, L. Sagalowicz, J. Baborowski, P. Muralt, and N. Setter

Dynamic properties of polarization switching in ferroelectric thin films *D. Averty, P. Limousin, and H.W. Gundel* 

Micromachined pressure sensor based on PZT coated silicon cantilevers for photoacoustic gas detector N. Ledermann, J. Baborowski, A. Seifert, B. Willing, P. Muralt, and N. Setter

Piezoelectric devices and MEMS D.L. Polla, D.T. Markus, W.P. Robbins, and H. Tao

Fabrication and characteristics of piezoelectric PZT cantilever for high speed atomic force microscopy Hyo-Jin Nam, Senog-Moon Cho, Heon-Min Lee, Dong-Chun Kim, Youngjoo Yee, and Jong-Uk Bu

Electrical properties of the PZT piezoelectric thick films fabricated by using screen printing method *T.S. Kim, K.S. Choi, H.J. Jung, Y.B. Kim, and D.J. Choi* 

Piezo- and pyroelectric properties of lead scandium tantalate thin films Arnoud P. de Kroon, Steve C. Dunn, and Roger W. Whatmore fatigue of PZT (53/47) films on metallic substrate

T. Hauke, H. Beige, M.

T. Hauke, H. Beige, M. Giersbach, S. Seifert, and D. Sporn

#### **FeRAM**

Searching for new materials for FRAM applications

B.H. Park, T.W. Noh, B.S. Kang, and S.D. Bu

A novel surface-cleaning technique for improvement of retention property of sol-gel derived PZT films

H.H. Kim, S.Y. Lee, D.J. Jung, B.J. Koo, Y.J. Song, N.W. Jang, C.J. Kim, and Kinam Kim Influence of Pb contents in PZT thin films on the characteristics of IrO<sub>2</sub>/ PZT/Pt ferro-capacitor

T. Takamatsu, H. Noshiro, Y. Horii, S. Ozawa, K. Matsuura, S. Mihara, F. Chu, S. Sun, and M. Nakamura

Relationship between Pt content, crystallograhic texture and ferroelectric properties of PLZT thin films for FRAM applications Fan Chu

Reliability and switching characteristic of sub-micron IrO<sub>x</sub>/MOCVD Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>2</sub>/Ir capacitors

S.R. Gilbert, J. Amano, T.S. Moise, S.R. Summerfelt, G. Xing, L. Colombo, and T. Sakoda

Influence of substrate, thermal, electric and aging treatment on P-E hysteresis of ferroelectric thin films

T. Shiosaki, S. Okamura, and T. Nishida

Electrical properties of patterned ferroelectric thin films fabricated by electro-beam-induced micropatterning process

S. Okamura, T. Hayama, T. Kobayashi, T. Nishida, and T. Shiosaki

Composition dependence of the ferroelectric properties of MOCVD grown PCZT films on Ir

Steven M. Bilodeau, Michael W. Russell, Daniel J. Vestyck, Stephen T. Johnston, and Peter C. Van Buskirk

Evaluation of wet etch on PLZT capacitor properties with SrRuO<sub>3</sub> top electrode

J.S. Cross, M. Fujiki, M. Tsukada, and S. Otani

Morphology and electrical properties of epitaxial SrBi<sub>2</sub>Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> films *M.A. Zurbuchen, J. Lettieri, S.K. Streiffer, Y. Jia, M.E. Hawley, A.H. Carim, and D.G. Schlom* 

Driving applications for ferroelectric NVMs

R. Zambrano

Both-sides thin SRO (BSTS) electrode technology for sub-micron PZT capacitor with high fatigue tolerance and excellent saturation characteristics

I. Kunishima, O. Hidaka, T. Morimoto, H. Kanaya, S. Shuto, K. Yamakawa, O. Arisumi, Y. Kumura, S. Tanaka, S. Tanaka, T. Iwamoto, S. Ohtsuki, and N. Tokiwa

Relaxation mechanisms in ferroelectric thin film cpacitors for FeRAM application

O. Lohse, M. Grossmann, D. Bolten, U. Böttger, R. Waser, W. Hartner, M. Kastner, and G. Schindler

High reliability PZT capacitors for 3.0 V FeRAM

Yoshikazu Fujimori, Toshiyuki Takeda, Takashi Nakamura, and Hidemi Takasu

Net spontaneous polarization in asgrown SBT films

R. Jimenez, T. Tejedor, C. Alemany, A.B. Fernandez, and J. Mendiola

Characterization of residual stress free (001)- and (116)-oriented SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films epitaxially grown on (001) and (110) SrTiO<sub>3</sub> single crystals

K. Saito, T. Akai, T. Suzuki, Y. Nishi, M. Fujimoto, and A. Saiki

Optical properties of potassium lithium niobate films

H.X. Zhang, C.H. Kam, Y. Zhou, S.D. Cheng, J. Zhou, and Y.L. Lam

The Development of chemical solution deposition routes for the fabrication of multicomponent ferroelectric films

R.W. Schwartz

Solution chemistry and chemical homogeneity of CSD (Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> based thin films

M. Kosec

A 650°C process for strontium bismuth tantalate thin films *V. Joshi, N. Solayappan, J. Celinka, D. McMillan, and C.A. Araujo* 

Low temperature fabrication of ferroelectric SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films by chemical solution deposition *Takashi Nishida, Masaki Takaoka, Soichiro Okamura, and Tadashi Shiosaki* 

Ferroelectric properties of Al and Nb doped PbTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films prepared by chemical solution deposition process

T. Iijima, H. Näfea, and F, Aldinger

Modeling of transport and growth phenomena in a showerhead reactor used for MOCVD of oxide thin films

M. Dauelsberg, M. Schumacher, F. Schienle, P. Strzyzewski, G. Strauch, H. Jürgensen, Yu. Makaraov, A. Smirnov, and V.F. Mymrin

Selection and design of precursors for the MOCVD of lead scandium tantalate

A.C. Jones, T.J. Leedham, H.O. Davies, P.J. Wright, M.J. Crosbie, and D.J. Williams

Metalorganic chemical vapor deposition and characterization of strontium bismuth tantalate (SBT) thin films

S. Narayan, L. McMillan, C. Paz de Araujo, F. Schienle, D. Burgess, J. Lindner, M. Schumacher, H. Jürgensen, K. Uchiyama, and T. Otsuki

Plasma-enhanced metalorganic chemical vapor deposition of SBT thin films for nonvolatile memory appplications

Woong-Chul Shi and Soon-Gil Yoon A modeling study on the aging of lead zirconate titanate sols

7. Huang, O. Thang, and R. W.

Z. Huang, Q. Zhang, and R.W. Whatmore

Metalorganic chemical vapor deposition of ferroelectric SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films for FeRAM applications

C. Isobe and K. Hironaka

Synthesis of ferroelectric oxide epitaxial thin films by metalorganic vapor phase epitaxy for nonlinear optical applications

B. Wessels

# PYROELECTRICS AND OPTICAL APPLICATIONS

Fabrication and characterization of acousto-optic device using piezo-electric film

Changho Lee, Yongbae Jeon, Changseung Lee, Oun-Ho Park, Jungil Lee, and Kwangsoo No

Two-dimensional ferroelectricity and second harmonic generation in PVDF Langmuir-Blodgett films

O.A. Aktsipetrov, T.V. Misuryaev, T.V. Murzina, V.M. Fridkin, and S.P. Palto

A new dielectric bolometer mode of detector pixel for uncooled IR image sensor with ferroelectric BST thin film prepared by metalorganic decomposition

M. Noda, H. Zhu, T. Kiyomoto, M. Okuyama, H. Xu, T. Mukaigawa, K. Hashimoto, R. Kubo, H. Tanaka, and T. Usuki

Ferroelectric thin films for optical applications

C.H. Buchal

#### MODELING AND THEORY

Theory of the morphotropic phase boundary

Y. Ishibashi

Effects of domain formation on the dielectric properties of ferroelectric thin films

N.A. Pertsev, V.G. Koukhar, R. Waser, and S. Hoffmann

Abrupt evolution of the domain pattern and fatigue of thin ferroelectric films

A.M. Bratkovsky and A.P. Levanyuk

Schottky barriers heights and band offsets of high K dielectrics

J. Robertson

An exact model for fatigue in perovskite oxides

M. Dawber and J.F. Scott

Microscopic structure and bonding at the Pd/SrTiO<sub>3</sub> interface: An *ab initio* local density functional study *T. Ochs, S. Koestlmeier, and C. Elsaesser* 

A six well model for interacting dipoles embedded into local random fields in an incipient ferroelectric crystal

S.A. Prosandeev, V.S. Vikhnin, and S. Kapphan

# TESTING AND CHARAC-TERIZATION

The influence of the experimental procedures on the reliability issues of ferroelectric thin films in view of memory applications

M. Grossmann, D. Bolten, U. Boettger, O. Lohse, R. Waser, S. Tiedke, T. Schmitz, U. Kall, W. Hartner, M. Kastner, and G. Schindler

Far infrared, microwave and Raman spectroscopy of the ferroelectric soft mode in SrTiO<sub>3</sub>thin films and ceramics

J. Petzelt, T. Ostapchuk, S. Kamba, I. Gregora, I. Rychetsky, J. Pokorny, V. Bovtun, V. Porokhonsky, M. Savinov, S. Hoffmann, R. Waser, and J. Lindner

FERAM reliability studies for 10<sup>15</sup> switching cycles regime

V. Joshi, N. Solayappan, and C.A. Araujo

A drain current data capture system for metal-ferroelectric-semiconductor field-effect transistors

M.A. Bailey and F.D. Ho

Electrical and optical properties of microwave dielectric thin films prepared by pulsed laser deposition

H.-F. Cheng, Y.-C. Chen, I-N. Lin, P. Kuzel, J. Petzelt, and E. Buixaderas

Constant-current study of dielectric breakdown of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> ferroelectric film capacitors

I. Stolichnov, A. Tagantsev, N. Setter, S. Okhonin, P. Fazan, J.S. Cross, M. Tsukada, A. Bartic, and D. Wouters

Polarization fatigue: Where are we? *A. Tagantsev* 

#### NANO-SIZE EFFECTS

Nano-scale ferroelectrics for Gbit memory applications

J. Scott

Polarization dynamics in submicron ferroelectric thin films and heterostructures

R. Ramesh

Patterning and switching of sub-100nm ferroelectric memory cells M. Alexe, C. Harnagea, D. Hesse, and U. Gösele

Formation of ferroelectric nanodomains using scanning force microscopy for the future application of memory devices

Hyunjung Shin, Jong Up Jeon, Yukeum Eugene Pak, Jungwon Woo, Seungbum Hong, and Kwangsoo No

Micropatterning of ferroelectric Pb(Zr<sub>0.52</sub>Ti<sub>0.48</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> *M. Ozenbas and I. Aksay* 

Single-grained PZT thin films for high level FRAM integration Jang-Sik Lee, Byung-Il Lee, and Seung-Ki Joo

#### PHYSICAL DEPOSITION

Excimer laser ablation processed ferroelectric and antiferroelectric thin films

S.B. Krupanidhi

Dependence of ferroelectricity in epitaxial pulsed laser deposited bismuth-layered perovskite thin films on the crystallographic orientation

A. Pignolet, C. Harnagea, A.R. James, D. Hesse, and U. Gösele

Growth and characterization of epitaxial SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> films on SrTiO<sub>3</sub> substrates

A. Garg, S. Dunn, R.W. Whatmore, and Z.H. Barber

Preparation of SBTN thin films by RF sputtering for ferroelectric memory production

K. Suu, T. Masuda, Y. Miyaguchi, and S. Sun

Ferroelectric Na<sub>0.5</sub>K<sub>0.5</sub>NbO<sub>3</sub> thin films by pulsed laser deposition

Alex Grishin

Properties of reactively sputtered IrO<sub>x</sub> for PZT electrode applications *Glen R. Fox, Shan Sun, and Tomohiro Takamatsu* 

Diffused temperature anomaly for the single domain/single crystal ferroelectric PLT thin films

K. Wasa, R. Ai, G. Asayama, Y. Ichikawa, D.G. Schlom, S. Trolier-McKinstry, Q. Gan, and C.B. Eom

RF sputtered high tunability barium strontium titanate (BST) thin films for high frequency applications

T.R. Taylor, R. Seidel, J.S. Speck, P. Padmini, and R.A. York

#### DRAM

Prospects for high permittivity dielectrics in high density DRAMs *D. Gealy* 

The high dielectric and ferroelectric capacitor technologies using all CVD processes

C.S. Hwang, J. Song, S.Y. Kang, J. Park, H.R. Kim, Y.J. Cho, O.S. Kwon, J.C. Shin, K.H. Choi, S.Y. No, H.J. Kim, D.Y. Yang, C.H. Yang, Y.K. Han, and C.J. Hwang

Electrical characterization of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films deposited by a metalorganic chemical vapor deposition at 415°C

J. Park, C.S. Hwang, D.Y. Yang, C.H. Yang, D.H. Kim, and Y.K. Han

Electrical properties of MOCVD BST thin films annealed by a rapid thermal process

D.S. Kil, J.B. Park, J.S. Lee, J.W. Yoon, Y.S. Yu, J.S. Roh, and C.T. Kim

Study on the thickness limit of Pt bottom electrode for DRAM capacitor applications

Y. Okuno, A. Tsudumitani, J. Shibata, and Y. Mori

Fundamental understanding of materials issues in ferroelectric thin films

Xiaoxing Xi

Ba<sub>1-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films for charge and energy storage applications S.K. Streiffer, P.K. Baumann, Jaemo Im, O. Auciello, D.Y. Kaufman, J.Giumarra, R. Erck, C.B. Parker, J.-P. Maria, and A.I. Kingon

Ferroelectric properties of epitaxial barium titanate thin films on silicon substrates

K. Abe, N. Yanase, T. Yasumoto, R. Ohara, K. Sano, and T. Kawakubo

Segregation phenomena in thin films of BaTiO<sub>2</sub>

K. Szot, S. Hoffmann, W. Speier, U. Breuer, M. Siegert, and R. Waser

Stress induced ferroelectricity in epitaxial strontium titanate (STO) films

S. Gevorgian, P.K. Petrov, S. Abadei, and Z. Ivanov

Growth of BaTiO<sub>3</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub> superlattices by injection MOCVD

J. Lindner, F. Weiss, J.P. Senateur, J.L. Hodeau, E. Doorhyee, W. Haessler, S. Oswald, A. Figueras, and J. Santiso

(Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> dielectrics for future stacked-capacitor DRAM: Issues related to integrating (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> films into DRAM

J.D. Baniecki, G. Costrini, C. Parks, R.B. Laibowitz, T.M. Shaw, K.L. Saenger, and J. Lian

# **CIRCUIT AND DEVICE**

Two-dimensional modeling of ferroelectric materials

K. Dragosits, R. Kosik, and S. Selberherr

Digital to analog converter based on ferroelectric polarization switching (submitted for invention disclosure)

T.S. Kalkur and R. Klinger

Comparison between standard and chain-type FeRAM architectures employing a sophisticated ferroelectric capacitor model

J. Rickes, A. Bartic, D. Wouters, and R. Waser

Passive integration by thin film technology

M. van Bommel

Overview and trend of chain FRAM architecture: Megabit, multimegabit, and gigabit eras

Daisaburo Takashima

#### INTEGRATION

Challenges for the semiconductor and equipment industry in the new millenium

E. Ong

Field effect transistors with SrTiO<sub>3</sub> gate dielectric on silicon

J.A. Hallmark, K. Eisenbeiser, J.M. Finder, Z. Yu, J. Ramdani, J.A. Curless, R. Droopad, W.J. Ooms, L. Salem, S. Bradshaw, and C.D. Overgaard

Patterning of noble metal electrodes and oxygen barriers by CMP R.F. Schnabel, G. Beitel, G. Mainka, C. Dehm, Z. Chen, R. Small, and G. Mainka

Application of fluorinated SiO<sub>2</sub> interlayer dielectrics for ferroelectric memory

Youngsoo Park

Fabrication of double metal FeRAM without degradation of remanent polarization by using Ir/IrO<sub>x</sub> capacitor contact barrier layer

S.Y. Kweon. S.J. Yeom, S.K. Lee, Y.S. Yu, D.S. Pyun, and C.T. Kim

Electrode and barrier materials issues in stacked capacitor type ferroelectric memory development *Gerd J. Norga and D.J. Wouters* 

Mechanisms in plasma etching of thin films for MEMS

J. Baborowski, N. Ledermann, A. Seifert, S. Hiboux, and P. Muralt

Production plasma etch solutions for FeRAM MFM capacitor stacks A. Cofer, S. Hambalek, L.G. Jerde, J.P. Lee, P. Rajora, and P.F. Werbaneth

Cross-contamination during the fabrication of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub>-based ferroelectric nonvolatile memories S.R. Gilbert, L.A. Wills, M. Tavassoli, J. Amano, L. Co-

lombo, S.R. Summerfelt, and T.S. Moise

Integration of H<sub>2</sub> barrier for ferroelectric memories based on SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> (STB)

Günther Schindler, Walter Hartner, Zvonimir Gabric, Peter Bosk, Marcus Kastner, Gerhard Beitel, and Christine Dehm

Integrated submicron (≥0.13µm²) IrO<sub>x</sub>/MOCVD PZT/Ir capacitors on W plugs for high density embedded ferroelectric memory

Scott R. Summerfelt, Ted S.
Moise, Guoqiang Xing, Luigi
Colombo, Tomoyuki Sakoda,
Stephen R. Gilbert, Alvin Loke,
Shawming Ma, Rahim Kavari,
Laura A. Wills, Tony Hsu, Jun
Amano, Stephen T. Johnson,
Dan J. Vestyk, Michael W.
Russell. and Steve M. Bilod

Pulse-extended excimer laser annealing in ferroelectric thin films *P.P. Donohue and M.A. Todd* 

Bottom electrode structure on Pt/Ru and Ru deposited by MOCVD for DRAM capacitor on polycrystalline silicon

Eun-Suck Choi and Soon-Gil Yoon

MOCVD growth and characterization of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> thin films on Pt/Ti/SiO<sub>2</sub>/Si substrates

M.P. Moret, S.A. Rössinger, P.R. Hageman, M.A. Devillers, H. van der Linden, E. Haverkamp, W.H.M. Corbeek, and P.K. Larsen

Oxidation resistance of TaSiN and TiAlN diffusion barriers F. Letendu, M.C. Hugon, J.M. Desvignes, B. Agius, I. Vickridge, and A.I. Kingon

The influence of stoichiometry on the electrical properties of PbZr<sub>1-x</sub>Ti<sub>x</sub>O<sub>3</sub> thin films deposited by metalorganic chemical vapor deposition

L.A. Wills, S.R. Gilbert, Jun Amano, C.P. Wade, K.K. Singh, F. Ameri, D. Marston, T. Sajoto, V. Siva, and Jun Zhao

Process variations in use for the first generation of experimental and commercial FRAM memory

T. Davenport and S. Mitra

#### FIELD EFFECT DEVICES

The all-oxide nanoscale FET concept: Experimental and theoretical progress

D.M. Newns, C.C. Tsuei, J.A. Misewich, T. Doderer, A. Schrott, W.M. Donath, and P.C. Pattnaik

Shape control of ferroelectric polarization

F.J. Walker and R.A. McKee

*I-V* characteristics of a ferroelectric field effect transistor

Todd C. MacLeod and Fat Duen Ho

A read-disturb-free ferroelectric gate FET memory

Y. Shimada, K. Arita, K. Uchiyama, V. Joshi, and M. Lim

Epitaxial oxide templates grown on silicon substrates

C.A. Billman, R.A. McKee, F.J. Walker, aand M.F. Chisholm

Retention analysis of the memorized states of the capacitance of MFIS structure for ferroelectric-gate FET

memory by considering leakage current through ferroelectric and insulator layers

M. Okuyama, H. Sugiyama, T. Nakaiso, and M. Noda

Recent progress on FET-type ferroelectric memories

H. Ishiwara

Optimization of Pt/SBT/CeO<sub>2</sub>/Si(100) gate stacks for low voltage ferroelectric field effect devices

T. Haneder, H. von Philipsborn, W. Hönlein, and R. Waser

Ferroelectric Pb<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub> MFMOS capacitor for one transistor memory application

Tingkai Li and Sheng Teng Hsu

Buffer layer dependence of memory effects for SrBi<sub>3</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> memory capacitors on Si

J.-P. Han, X. Guo, T.P. Ma, A. Ils, M. Cantoni, J.-M. Sallese, and P. Fazan

High-K dielectrics for giga-scale CMOS and nonvolatile memory technology

L. Manchanda, G. Alers, and J.P. Han

# HIGH FREQUENCY DE-VICES

Microwave properties of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> ceramic films and phase shifters on their base

A. Kozyrev, V. Keis, V. Osadchy,

A. Pavlov, O. Buslov, D. Ginley,

T. Rivkin, and L. Sengupta

Ferroelectric tunable coplanar waveguide (CPW) and conductor backed coplanar waveguide (CBCPW) components fur Ku and K-band applications G. Subramanyam, Abdullah Al Zaman, Nazmi Mohsina, P. Boolchand, Felix A. Miranda, F.W. Van Keuls, R.R. Romanofsky, J.D. Warner, and C.H. Mueller

Design and fabrication of large angle electrooptic scanners and dynamic focusing lens stacks in ferroelectric wafers

V. Gopalan, K.T. Gahagan, Q.X. Jia, J.M. Robinson, and T.E. Mitchell

Bismuth pyrochlore films for dielectric applications

W. Ren, R. Thayer, C.A. Randall, T.R. Shrout, and S. Trolier-McKinstry

Current status of thin film  $Ba_{x}Sr_{1-x}TiO_{3} \text{ tunable microwave }$ components for communications  $Fred \ Van \ Keuls$ 

The influence of strain on the microwave dielectric properties of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films

J.S. Horwitz, W.J. Kim, W. Chang, J.M. Pond, S.W. Kirchoefer, H.D. Wu, D.B. Chrisey, and S.B. Qadri

Microwave circuits using integrated thin film BST devices

R.A. York, A.S. Nagra, J.S. Speck, O.H. Auciello, and S.K. Streiffer

Epitaxial Ba<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films as microwave phase shifters

\*\*R. I. Kim. S. Baik, V. Poplavko

B.J. Kim, S. Baik, Y. Poplavko, and Y. Prokopenko

Materials issues of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films designed for tunable microwave applications

C. Canedy, H. Li, L. Martinez-Miranda, L. Salamance-Riba, S. Anlage, R. Ramesh, F.W. Van Keuls, R. Romanofsky, F. Miranda, B. Rod, and S. Tidrow

Modeling microwave dielectric characteristics of thin ferroelectric films for tunable planar structures *O.G. Vendik and S.P. Zubko* 

Microwave properties of integrated film in compaarison with bulk ferroelectric and paraelectric

Y.M. Poplavko and Y. Yakimenko

Effect of electrodes on GHz ZnO thin film bulk-acoustic-wave resonator

E. Komuro, Q.X. Su, Z. Huang, P.B. Kirby, and R.W. Whatmore

# Poster Contributions PYROELECTRIC AND OPTICAL APPLICATIONS

Application of photosensitive pyroelectrics for optical recording *M.M. Kravtsiv and O.I. Shpotyuk* 

A new IR nonlinear optical material CsGeCl<sub>2</sub>

Q.T. Gu, C.S. Fang, X.W. Wu, Q.W. Pan, and W. Shi

Polarization correlation and pyroelectric properties of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> and La doped Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> multilayer thin films

W.G. Liu, B. Jiang, J.S. Ko, O.K. Tan, and W. Zhu

A new IR nonlinear optical material CsGeCl<sub>2</sub>

Q.T. Gu, C.S. Fang, X.W. Wu, Q.W. Pan, and W. Shi

Ferroelectric and pyroelectric properties of sol-gel derived barium strontium titanate thin films

J.G. Cheng, B. Li, X.J. Meng, J.H. Chu, and F. Koch

Characterization of nonstoichiometric and regularly ordered lithium niobate for advanced applications G.I. Malovichko, V. Grachev, O. Schirmer, and E. Kokanyan

Novel electrooptic polymer film C.S. Fang, W. Shi, Q.W. Pan, Q.T. Gu, and X.W. Wu

LIMM: Exact analytic solution of the integral equation

S.V. Biryukov, A.V. Sotnikov, and M. Weihnacht

Pyroelectric response of self-poled LSCO/PZT/LSCO heterostructures *C. Wesley Tipton, R.C. Hoffman, R.P. Godfrey, A.M. Cardenas, S. Aggarwal, and R. Ramesh* 

Spontaneous pyro-piezoelectricity of sol-gel La-modified lead titanate thin films

R. Poyato, M.L. Calzada, J. Ricote, L. Pardo, and B. Willing

Pyroelectric linear array based on PCLT/P(VDF/TrFE) nanocomposite *M.C.W. Lam, J. Li, B. Ploss, H.L.W. Chan, and C.L. Choy* 

Mechanism of appearance of giant photointensity of electric fields in ferroelectrics

A.A. Grekov, Z.P. Mastropas, and E.N. Myasnikov

Asymmetric scattering of an optical beam in barium sodium niobate crystal doped with neodimium

S.V. Ivanova

The features of photoelectret state in organic pyroelectrics

M.M. Kravtsiv and O.I. Shpotyuk

Electrode-induced stability in pyroelectric thin films

R.P. Godfrey, A. Marcelo Cardenas, S. Aggarwal, R. Ramesh, and C. Wesley Tipton

Micromachined 4 x 4 pyroelectric sensor array with PMN-PT ferroelectric composites

N. Chong, J. Wang, H.L.W. Chan, and C.L. Choy

Second harmonic generation of ferroelectric potassium lithium niobate crystals

Youbao Wan, Junhao Chu, Tianyan Yu, Bingkun Yu, and Shoukui Pan

Self-polarization in wet chemically derived lead zirconate titanate thin films

J. Frey, F. Schlenkrich, and A. Schönecker

Sputtered lead scandium tantalate films for dielectric bolometer mode thermal detector arrays

M.A. Todd, P.P. Donahue, M.A.C. Harper, J.C. Jones, D.J. Wallis, and R. Watton

Substrate effects on the performance of the PZT thin film infrared detectors

Jong Soo Ko, Weiguo Liu, and Weiguang Zhu

Transient absorption and luminescence of LiNbO<sub>3</sub> and KNbO<sub>3</sub> *L. Grigorjeva, V. Pankatov, D.* 

L. Grigorjeva, V. Pankatov, L Millers, G. Corradi, and K. Polgar

#### PIEZOELECTRIC DEVICES

(Zr/Ti) ratio dependence of piezoelectrical properties in lead titanate zirconate films

C. Soyer, T. Haccart, E. Cattan, and D. Remiens

Ferroelectric and piezoelectric properties of Nb doped PZT films

T. Haccart, E. Cattan, D. Remiens, S. Hiboux, and P. Muralt

Antiferroelectric lead zirconate thin films by excimer laser ablation *S.S.N. Bharadwaja and S.B. Krupanidhi* 

The effect of the domain structure, 90° rotation and 180° switching processes on dielectric properties of polycrystalline Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> -type thin films

V.Yu. Topolov, D. Bolten, U. Böttger, and R. Waser

Studies on the characteristics of solgel derived PZT thin films and membrane actuators

Jinron Chen, D. Xu, and Z. Meng

Electrostriction in ferroelectric thin films

A.L. Kholkin, E.K. Akdogan, A. Safari, K.G. Brooks, S. Hiboux, and N. Setter

Piezoelectric bending actuator for micro-electro-mechanical applications

H. Küppers, M. Hoffmann, T. Leuerer, T. Schneller, U. Böttger, U. Schnakenberg, R. Waser, and W. Mokwa

Doping effects on the piezoelectric and dielectric properties of Sm-modified PbTiO<sub>3</sub> ceramics

Sheng-Yuan Chu and Chia-Hsin Chen

Micromachined pressure sensor based on PZT coated silicon cantilevers for photoacoustic gas detector

A.L. Kholkin, E.K. Akdogan, A. Safari, K.G. Brooks, S. Hiboux, and N. Setter

Conduction mechanism in PbZrO<sub>3</sub> thin films: Analysis of charge carrier trapping phenomenon S.S.N. Bharadwaja and S.B. Krupanidhi

Evaluation technique of longitudinal and transverse piezoelectric *d*coefficients for thin films

Dong-Guk Kim and Ho-Gi Kim

# NOVEL CHARACTERIZATION

Effect of substrate indiced constraint on the dielectric and electromechanical behavior of epitaxial lead magnesium niobate(90%)-lead titanate(10%) thin films

V. Nagarajan, B. Nagaraj, C.S. Ganpule, S.P. Alpay, S. Aggarwal, A.L. Rotyburd, and R. Ramesh

Scanning capacitance microscopy of ferroelectric thin films

C.S. Ganpule, A. Stanishevsky, B. Nagaraj, S. Aggarwal, J. Melngailis, E. Williams, R. Ramesh, and P. De Wolf

Cracking of polarizing ferroceramics by the acoustic emission data

E.A. Dulkin, L.V. Grebenkina, D.I. Makarev, A.N. Klevtov, and V.G. Gavrilyachenko Studies of hydrogen-induced degradation processes in SBT thin films using complementary transmission electron microscopy and *in situ* mass spectroscopy of recoiled ions analysis

O. Auciello, V.P. Dravid, N. Poonawala, J. Im, and A.R. Krauss

Structured invesstigations on sputtered optical PLT thin films grown on (001) SrTiO<sub>3</sub> and (001) MgAl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: by room- and high-temperature channeling

U. Rabibisoa, B. Agius, F. Abel, and C. Cohen

Size and top electrode-edge effects on fatigue in Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> capacitors with Pt electrodes

K. Torii, E.L. Colla, H.W. Song, A.K. Tagantsev, K. No, and N. Setter

Simultaneous observation of nanosized ferroelectric domains and surface morphology using scanning nonlinear dielectric microscopy

H. Odagawa and Y. Cho

Determination of crystal polarity of piezoelectric thin film deposited on polar substrate using scanning nonlinear dielectric microscopy

S. Kazuta, Y. Cho, H.Ki Odagawa, and Michio Kadota

Cryo-transmission electron microscopy as a tool for homogeneity control in sol-gel synthesis of ferroelectrics

D. Mondelaers, M.K. Vam Bael, J. Yperman, J. Mullens, L.C. Van Poucke, J. D'Haen, M. D'Olieslaeger, and L. De Schepper

#### **FeRAM**

Fully MOCVD obtained epitaxial ferroelectric capacitors

M.A. Novojilov, A.R. Kaul, O.Yu. Gorbenko, G. Wahl, and U. Krause

The reliability properties of MOCVD PZT thin films on various electrodes

Tingkai Li and Sheng Teng Hsu

A study of crystal structure formation of ferroelectric and superconductor layers

K. Bormanis, M. Kalnberga, M. Livinsh, A. Patmalnieks, and A. Sternberg

Device physics of metal-ferroelectric-insulator semiconductor (MFIS) and metal-ferroelectric-metalinsulator semiconductor (MFMIS) structure

Z. Chen, M. Lim, V. Joshi, C.A. Paz de Araujo, and L.D. McMillan

Dielectric nonlinearity of the PbB'B"O<sub>3</sub> ferroelectric solid solutions

M. Dambekalne, K. Bormanis, A. Sternberg, and G. Grinvald

Fabrication of PZT films on Si substrates by sol-gel method using  $Y_2O_3$  buffer layers

B.E. Park, E. Tokumitsu, and H. Ishiwara

A dielectric study of the relaxor/ ferroelectric behavior of pulsed laser deposition  $Pb_{0.91}La_{0.09}Zr_{0.65}Ti_{0.35}O_3$ thin films

M. El Marssi, J.-L. Dellis, M.G. Karkut, R. Farhi, and F. Le Marrec

Anisotropy in the fatigue of relaxor ferroelectric PbTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films

S. Trolier-McKinstry, V.

Bornand, K. Takemura, and C.A.

Randall

New mechanism of fatigue effect V.Ya. Shur, E.L. Rumyantsev, E.V. Nikolaeva, E.I. Shishkin, I.S. Baturin, M. Ozgul, and C.A. Randall

Retention behaviors of ferroelectric memory devices depending on capacitor processes

Jeong Kim and Ilsub Chung

Dielectric low-frequency dispersion and phase transitions in ferroelectric poly (vinylidene flouride/trifluoroethylene) copolymers

N.I. Kuznetsova, K.A. Verkhovskaya, and N.D. Gavrilova

A survey of reference generation techniques for ferroelectric memories

A. Sheikholeslami, and P.G. Gulak

Polarization switching of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films prepared by metalorganic decomposition

Xiaobing Chen, Chunhua Li, Di Wu, Jinsong Zhu, and Yening Wang

Rapid Domain wall propagation in ferroelectrics

V.Ya. Shur, E.L. Rumyantsev, E.V. Nikolaeva, E.I. Shishkin, A.P. Chernykh, R.G. Batchko, M.M. Fejer, and R.L. Byer

Electrical properties of  $Pb_{1,y}La_y(Zr_yTi_{1,y})_{1,y/4}O_3$  thin films

with various iridium-based top electrodes

Soon-Gil Yoon, A.I. Kingon, and Seung-Hyun Kim

Studies of domain dynamics in PZT thin films as a function of film thickness via piezoresponse AFM imaging

K. Ghosh, S.K. Streiffer, O. Auciello, G.R. Bai, M. Angadi, R.A. Rao, C.B. Eom, and C. Thompson

Effects of interface state on properties of SBT thin films

G.P. Choi and H.G. Kim

Characterization and fabrication of small-sized MFISFET using SBT(SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> and No(Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub>) materials

I.K. You, W.J. Lee, I.S. Yang, B.G. Yu, K.I. Cho, and S.H. Kim

Photoelectric evaluation of polarization and internal field in PZT thin films

A.L. Kholkin, V.K. Yarmarkin, and J.L. Baptista

Thickness effects on the ferroelectric properties in ferroelectric thin films

B.M. Goltsman

Ferroelectricity in lanthanum titanate and strontium niobate tantalate thing films

G.Y. Koo, S.W. Jang, C.Y. Kim, J.-Y. Lee, and H.Y. Lee

Ferroelectric and antiferroelectric PZT thing filmns on bare and RuO<sub>2</sub> coated stainless steel substrates

R. Seveno, J.H. Yi, and H.W. Gundel

The post annealing effects on ferroelectric properties of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films prepared by RF magnetron sputtering *S.S. Park* 

Effect of stoichiometry on fatigue and imprint characteristics of SBT films

J. Karasawa, H. Takiguchi, E. Natori, T. Nishikawa, K. Oguchi, T. Shimoda, V. Joshi, L.D. McMillan, and C.A. Araujo

Development of micromechanical and optical devices incorporating deposited PZT films

R.V. Wright, A. Patel, M. Pealat, R. Nonninger, R. Diels, P. Enoksson, c. Fox, and P. Netter

Ferroelectric properties of sol-gel derived thin solid film of barium titanate and ITO glass

X.Q. Han, C.H. Kam, S.D. Cheng, Y. Zhou, H.X. Zhang, K. Pita, Y.C. Chan, and Y.L. Lam

Improvement of process stability for PZT thin films formation by using modified sol-gel solution

N. Soyama, K. Maki, S. Mori, and K. Ogi

Thickness dependence of ferroelectric characteristics of SBT and SBTN thin films

J.D. Park and T.S. Oh

Phenomenological behaviors of thermally induced imprint in PZT thin films

Seung-Hyun Kim, Dong-Soo Lee, Jawoong Ha, Dong-Joo Kim, Jon-Paul Maria, and Angus I. Kingon

Electrical properties of

Pb(Zr<sub>x</sub>Ti<sub>1-x</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> thin films with thickness optimized IrO<sub>2</sub>/Pt hybrid electrodes

Seung-Hyun Kim, Dong-Yeon Park, Hyun-Jung Woo, Dong-Soo Lee, Jowoong Ha, Soon-Gil Yoon, and Angus I. Kingon

Relaxation effects and steady-state conduction in nonstoichiometric SBT films

H. Bachhofer, H. Reisinger, C. Dehm, H. von Philipsborn, and R. Waser

A method of improving retention characteristics of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> films using surface treatments

H.-J. cho, K.M. Lee, S.H. Joo, J.J. Lee, Y.T. Lee, S.J. Oh, S.O. Park, and Y.W. Park

Characterization of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> films prepared by metalorganic decomposition using rapid thermal annealing *Huiqin Ling, Aidong Li, Di Wu, Xinhua Zhu, and Naiben Ming* 

Physical insights on imprint and application to functional memory with ferroelectric materials

Y. Fujii, D. Nagasawa, H. Nozawa, K. Kobayashi, and K. Tamaru

#### CIRCUIT AND DEVICE

Lithium niobate thick films grown by RF sputtering: Correlation between the optical analysis and the transmission electron microscopy observation

X. Lansiaux, E. Dogheche, and D. Remiens

# **CHEMICAL DEPOSITION**

Formation and properties of lead titanate thick films

Y.R. Chen, C.T. Hu, W.J. Liu, T.L. Lin, and I.N. Lin

Morphological and electrical characterization of MOCVD grown PZT thin films

S.A. Rössinger

PZT thin films prepared from modified zirconium alkoxide

B. Malic, M. Kosec, I. Arcon, and A. Kodre

Low temperature sintering of screen printed PZT thick films

Y. Jeon, K. No, D.G. Kim, S.-J. Kim, and J. Chun

Sol-gel preparation and C-V window of thin YMnO<sub>3</sub> film

H.Y. Guo, Ian H. Wilson, and J.B. Xu

Net spontaneous polarization in asgrown SBT films

R. Jimenez, P. Tejedor, C. Alemany, A.B. Fernandez, and J. Mendiola

Humidity sensitive electrical properties of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films grown by hydrothermal-electromechanical method

S. Aggarwal and G.L. Sharma

Pulsed laser ablation and study of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>0</sub> thin films

S. Bhattacharyya and S.B. Krupanidhi

Low temperature crystallization of SrBi, Ta, O<sub>0</sub> (SBT) films

K. Uchiyama, K. Arita, Y. Shimada, S. Hayashi, E. Fujii, T. Otsuki, V. Joshi, N. Solayappan, and C.A. Paz de Araujo

Dielectric, piezoelectric, and

ferroelectric characterization of lead zirconate titanate

J.-P. Maria, D.-J. Kim, S.-H. Kim, A.I. Kingon, S.K. Streiffer, I. Chen, and J.F. Roeder

Rotating disk reactor-low pressure metalorganic chemical vapor deposition (MOCVD) production of complex oxides

G.S. Tompa, L.G. Provost, J. McAleese, J.D. Chuchiaro, C. Zhang, F.P. Gnadinger, G. Huebner, and N. Glumac

Degradation pf Pt/PLZT/Pt capacitor caused by water in interlayer dielectrics

K. Suenaga and K. Ogata

Optical and electrooptical properties of PLZT films prepared by pulsed laser deposition process

J.S. Kao, C.H. Tsai, G. Jamn, K.S. Liu, I.N. Lin, and J.S. Kao

High-permittivity temperature independent devices up to 200°C by modified graded thin films

R. Slowak, T. Schneller, and R. Waser

Chemical solution technique to perovskite PZT and PLZT thin films and powders

O. de Sanctis, N. Pellegrini, and A. Frattini

Investigation on various insulator layers for MFIS capacitors

T.H. Kim, H.S. Kim, and J. Kim

Laser annealing studies of strontium-titanate thin films using short laser pulses

O. Baldus, W. Krasser, S. Hoffmann, R. Waser, and E. Kreutz

Kinetics of perovskite phase formation during ra pid thermal annealing of sol-gel PZT films

V.Ya. Shur, E.B. Blankova, A.L. Subbotin, E.A. Borisova, A.V. Barannikov, D. Bolten, R. Gerhardt, and R. Waser

Metalorganic chemical vapor deposition of BaTiO<sub>3</sub> and SrTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films using a single solution source with a noncontact vaporizer W. Ma, P. Schäfer, P. Ehrhart, and R. Waser

Low temperature processing of lanthanum doped PZT thin films *M. Mandeljc, M. Kosec, and B. Malic* 

Deposition of large-area graded  $(Pb_{1-x}La_x)TiO_3$  thin films by pulsed laser deposition

G. Jamn, K.S. Liu, and I.N. Lin

Ferroelectric properties of thick Pb(Zr<sub>1-x</sub>Ti<sub>x</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> films prepared by modified pulsed laser deposition Cheng-Hsiung Lin, Hung-Hsiang Wang, and I.-Nan Lin

Forming gas annealing effects on the electrical properties of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films *R. Liedtke and R. Waser* 

Improvement on ferroelectric properties of metalorganic decomposited PZT thin film using prenucleation layer

Y.K. Tseng, K.S. Li, S.F. Huang, Y. Chi, and I.N. Lin

Preparation of (Pb,Ba)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films by MOCVD usinbg an aero-sol-assisted liquid delivery system *P. Schäfer, W. Ma, and R. Waser* 

Oxidation resistant diffusion barrier layers for integration of ferroelectric capacitors on Si

S. Aggarwal and R. Ramesh

Preparation and properties of oriented PZT thin films induced by external stress

Hongxia Qin, Jinsong Zhu, Z.Q. Jin, and Yening Wang

On the magnetic structure of grain boundaries in doped manganates *C. Mitze, U. Hasenkox, and R. Waser* 

Homogeneity in the sol-gel synthesis of ferroelectric

(1-x)PbZn<sub>1/3</sub>Nb<sub>2/3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> - xBaTiO<sub>3</sub> K. Van Werde, M.K. Van Bael, J. Yperman, J. Mullens, and L.C. Van Poucke

Deposition of BST thin films in a multi-wafer MOCVD reactor

P. Ehrhart, F. Fitsilis, S. Regnery, R. Waser, F. Schienle, M. Schumacher, J. Lindner, M. Dauelsberg, P. Strzyzewski, and H. Jürgensen

Lowering of crystallization temperature of sol-gel derived Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> thin films

K. Maki, N. Soyama, S. Mori, and K. Ogi

Ferroelectric properties of sol-gel derived and face-to-face annealed SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>0</sub> thin films

Koji Aizawa, Eisuke Tokumitsu, Kojiro Okamoto, and Hiroshi Ishiwara

Comparison on effect of excess-Pb on ferroelectric properties of (Pb<sub>x</sub>La<sub>1-x</sub>)TiO<sub>3</sub> and Pb(Zr<sub>y</sub>Ti<sub>1-y</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> thin films prepared by MOD process *Cheng-Hsiung Lin, Han-Fang* 

Teng, Wen-Dung Hsu, Yen-Hua Hsu, and I-Nan Lin

Preparation of PZT ferroelectric thick films by nanopowdermetalorganic decomposition process and their properties

K.S. Liu, Y.Y. Huang, Y.K. Tseng, W.J. Liu, T.L. Lin, and I.N. Lin

MOCVD preparation of SBTN thin films from two organometallic source bottles

H. Funakubo, M. Mitsuya, N. Nukaga, and K. Ishikawa

Low-temperature process and thin SBT films for ferroelectric memory devices

M. Mört, G. Schindler, W. Hartner, I. Kasko, M. Kastner, C. Dehm, and R. Waser

Thick piezoelectric coatings via modified sol-gel technique

A.L. Kholkin, V. Yarmarkin, A. Wu, P.M. Vilarinho, and J.L. Baptista

Preparing thick PZT films on steel substrates

Li Kun, H.L.W. Chan, C.L. Choy, and K.W. Lee

Conventional and modified oxalate coprecipitation routes to synthesize precursors for ceramic materials

G. Vanhoyland, J. Yperman, J. Mullens, and L.C. Van Poucke

Application of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> grown by atomic layer deposition to DRAM and FeRAM

C.T. Kim, C. Lim, K.M. Kim, M.S. Kim, H.K. Jang, Y.S. Yu, and J.S. Roh

Influence of composition relations

Mg:Nb in PMN on its properties
Alla R. Lebedinskaya, Emma R.
Mnatsakanova, and Mikhail F.
Kupriyanov

Low temperature (500°C) deposition and characterization of Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> thin films by a new type metalorganic chemical vapor deposition

O.S. Kwon, H.R. Kim, C.S. Hwang, D.Y. Yang, and Y.K. Han

Kinetic aspects of the formation of seeded lead zirconate titanate thin films

A. Wu, P.M. Vilarinho, I.M. Miranda Salvado, J.L. Baptista, and I.M. Reaney

Advanced model of metalorganic chemical vapor deposition

V.F. Mymrin, S.A. Smirnov, S. Yu. Karpov, I.N. Pryhevalsky, M. Dauelsberg, M. Schumacher, P. Strzyzewski, G. Strauch, H. Jürgensen, and Yu.N. Makarov

Glycolate tantalum based solutions for the sol-gel spin-coating deposition of KSrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films

A. González, R. Jiménez, J. Mendiola, and m.L. Calzada

Simultaneous preparation and densification of lead magnesium niobate-based ferroelectrics

Chung-Hsin Lu and Da-Pong Chang

YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7-x</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub>//LaAlO<sub>3</sub> heterostructures obtained by injection MOCVD

J. Lindner, F. Weiss, J.P. Senateur, and A. Abrutis

Recovery of forming gas damaged Pb(Nb,Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> capacitors
S. Aggarwal, S.R. Perusse, C.J.
Kerr, R. Ramesh, and D.B.
Romero

Water-based synthesis of (La<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>)CoO<sub>3</sub> (LSCO) electrodes for ferroelectric thin films *S. Javoric, M. Kosec, and B. Malic* 

# TESTING AND CHARAC-TERIZATION

The effect of uni-axial stress on the polarization of SBT thin films *X. Lü, J. Zhu, X. Li, Z. Zhang, A. Li, D. Wu, F. Yan, and Y. Wang* 

Properties of PbZr<sub>x</sub>Ti<sub>1-x</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/CeO<sub>2</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub>/Si structures

A.D. Danilov, A.V. Shilnikov, A.I. Burkhanov, V.N. Nesterov, and G.M. Akbaeva

Finite-element simulations of interdigital electrode structures on high permittivity thin films

K. Prume, S. Hoffmann, and R. Waser

Dielectric properties of PZT and PTO/YBCO structures

A.M. Grishin, E. Ph. Pevtsov, A.S. Sigov, and A.P. Svotina

Structural and electrical characterization of semiconducting barium-lead-titanate ceramics

B.D. Strojanovic, C.R. Foschini, T.V. Sreckovic, V.B. Pavlovic, M. Cilence, and J.A. Varela

Mechanical characterization of ferroelectric thin films for MEMS *M. Alguero, A.J. Bushby, M.J. Reece, M.L. Calzada, and L. Pardo* 

Dielectric properties of nonstoichiometric NaNbO<sub>3</sub>

I.V. Pozdnyakova and l.A. Reznitchenko

Light-induced electron and hole centers in barium calcium titantate crystals

G.I. Malovichko, V.G. Grachev, O.F. Schirmer, R. Pankrath, and H. Hesse

Characterization of thickness dependence of crystal structure in polycrystalline PLZT thin films

K. Honda, Y. Horil, T. Kimura, and T. Nakamura

Diagnostic of pyro- and piezoelectric crystals by nonlinear optics method

E.L. Lebedeva, A.L. Pirozerski, V.T. Gabrielyan, and V.B. Smirnov

Imprint properties of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films

M. Grossmann, D. Bolten, U. Böttger, O. Lohse, R. Waser, W. Hartner, M. Kastner, and G. Schindler

The influence of electrical fields and lead content on dielectric properties of Ni/PZT/PT films on low and infralow frequencies

A.V. Shilnikov, I.V. Otsarev, A.I. Burkhanov, V.N. Nesterov, A.V. Zhmurko, S.G. Yourchenko, A.S. Sigov, and K.A. Vorotilov

Terahertz spectroscopy of dielectric thin films

P. Kuzel, J. Petzelt, E.
Buxiaderas, Y.-C. Chen, H.-F.
Cheng, and I-N. Lin
Irreversible processes in donor and

acceptor doped Pb(Zr,Ti)O<sub>3</sub> thin film

D. Bolten, U. Böttger, M. Grossmann, O. Lohse, and R. Waser

AC electrical property studies on SrBi<sub>2</sub>(Nb,Ta)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films by excimer laser ablation

S. Bhattacharya and S.B. Krupanidhi

# PHYSICAL DEPOSITION

Influence of the process conditions on the ferroelectric properties of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>0</sub>

Yi-Chu Chen and Chung-Hsin Lu

Spontaneous orientation of ferroelectric films on amorphous substrates

M. Maglione, A. Gueldry, A. Dazzi, P. Sibillot, J.C. Jules, and J.P. Manaud

Growth of MgTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films by pulsed laser deposition and their electrical properties

Jaichan Lee

The <001> texture growth of  $La_{0.25}Sr_{0.75}CoO_3$  films on Pt/TiO<sub>2</sub>/ $SiO_2$ /Si (001) substrates and its inducing effect on the orientation of ferroelectric film

Pb(Ta<sub>0.05</sub>Zr<sub>0.48</sub>Ti<sub>0.47</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> *J. Yin, X.H. Zhu, and Z.G. Liu* 

Lithium niobate thick films grown by RF sputtering: Correlation between the optical analysis and the transmission electron microscopy observation

X. Lansiaux, E. Dogheche, and D. Remiens

Novel diffusion control process

using ultra thin buffer payer for MFIS memory

Takashi Ohtsuka, Michihito Ueda, and Takashi Nishikawa

Characterixation of lead cationincorporated strontium bismuth tantalate ferroelectrics

Chung-Hsin Lu and Yi-Chou Chen

#### NANO-SIZE EFFECTS

Characterization of chemical solution deposition (CSD) derived Ba<sub>0.05</sub>Pb<sub>0.5</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> with scanning force microscopy (SFM)

A. Roelofs, F. Schlaphof, T. Schneller, M. Grossmann, M. Hoffmann, U. Böttger, R. Waser, and L.M. Eng

Characterization of ferroelectric nanostructures by means of their electromechanical response

C. Harnagea, A. Pignolet, M. Alexe, D. Hesse, and U. Goesele

Effect of ion damage on the crystallization of PZT thin films

Eung-Chul Park, Jang-Sik Lee, Jung-Ho Park, Byung-Il Lee, and Seung-Ki Joo

Processing and properties of nanocrystalline PST, PSN and PMN films produced by RF sputtering from ceramic targets

C. Ziebert, A. Sternberg, H. Schmitt, K.-H. Ehses, and J.K. Krüger

Size-effects in ferroelectric and antiferroelectric phase transitions *E.V. Charnaya and O.S. Pogorelova* 

Chemical routes and experimental

techniques in the preparation of ferroelectric and other ceramic materials

M.K. Van Bael, R. Nouwen, G. Vanhoyland, K. Van Werde, D. Mondelaers, D. Nelis, J. Yperman, J. Mullens, and L.C. Van Poucke

Evolution of nanodomain structure in  $(1-x)PbMg_{1/3}Nb_{2/3}O_3$  -  $xPbZr_{0.53}Ti_{0.47}O_3$  solid solutions Anatoly Khodorov and Andrei Tsotsorin

Atomic-scale microstructures of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> ferroelectric thin films prepared by MOD and PLD for FeRAM applications

Xinhua Zhu, Tao Zhu, Aidong Li, Tao Yu, Zhiguo Liu, and Naiben Ming

PbTiO<sub>3</sub> based bilayers and multilayers: Growth anomalies, X-ray analysis and Raman spectroscopy *F. Le Marrec, R. Farhi, D. Ariosa, J.-L. Dellis, M. El Marssi, and M.G. Karrut* 

#### **MODELING AND THEORY**

The models of the structure order/disorder in PMN, relaxor ferroelectric in the vicinity of 200 K

A.R. Lebedinskaya and M.F. Kupriyanov

Ferroelectric phase transitions in films with depletion charge *A.M. Bratkovsky and A.P. Levanuk* 

Modeling of polarization behavior of ferroelectric thin films capacitor with inhomogeneous charged defect density and the polarization parameters

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Grain boundary depletion layers effect on polarization switching in ferroelectric ceramics and thin films

I.P. Raevs

Predicting ferroelectric domain wall orientation and strains from the Ginsburg-Landau-Devonshire theory

V. Gopalan, A. Itagi, A. Saxena, and P. Swart

The phase states of the ferro- and antiferroelectric films of the perovskite oxides

V.P. Sakhnenko and I.N. Zakharchenko

The role of interaction domain boundaries with point defects in the shaping of the switching features of ferroelectric memory elements

V.N. Nesterov and A.V. Shilnikov

Mobile defect contribution into the dielectric nonlinearity of PZT ferroelectric thin films

B.M. Goltsman, V.K. Yarmarkin, and V.V. Lemanov

Crossover between 2D and 3D systems for the discrete  $\Phi^4$  model *V.V. Saykin and A.N. Rubtsov* 

New dissipative effect in the disorder crystals

A.F. Klinskikh

Monte Carlo simulations of ferroelectric properties

N. Farag

A large piezoelectric anisotropy in heterogeneous ferroelectrics (polydomain crystals, ceramics, composites)

V.Yu. Topolov and A.V. Turik

Monte Carlo simulation of ferroelectric polarization switching J. Zhu, X. Lu, and Y. Wang

The influence of the surface on PZT thing film ferroelectric properties: A lattice model approach

L. Baudry and J. Tournier

The effects of fatigue of the ferroelectric thin film on the device characteristics of metal-ferroelectric-semiconductor FET

K.P. Lee, S.J. Kang, and Y.S. Yoon

Ab initio cluster and point-multipole calculations of electric field gradients in the lithium niobate crystal

M.G. Shelyapina, V.S. Kasperovich, E.V. Charnaya, and B.F. Schegolev

Polarization dependence of piezoelectric properties of polycrystalline ferroelectrics: Ceramics and thin films

A.V. Turik and V.Yu. Topolov

Microscopic theory of glassy state in electric dipole glasses like KCl:OH. Statistical and dynamical behavior

R.V. Saburova and G. Busiello

Piezoelectric 3-3 composites for hydrophones: Modeling and materials selection

C.R. Bowen, R. Stevens, A. Perry, and S. Mahon

Two-component model of hydrogen-bonded ferroelectrics and biomolecular chains

V.S. Bystrov

Elastic interaction between 90° domain walls and misfit dislocations in epitaxial ferroelectric thin films

A.Yu. Emelyanov and N.A. Pertsev

Percolation with constraints in the solid solution of incipient ferroelectrics: KTaO<sub>2</sub>:Li

S.A. Prosandeev, V.S. Vikhnin, and S. Kapphan

#### INTEGRATION

Oxidation of TiAlN and TaSiN barriers characterized by XRD, AES and TEM

Tito Ayguavives, Sungjin Kim, and Angus I. Kingon

Adaptive-learning neuron circuit using ferroelectric gate FETS S.M. Yoon, H. Ishiwara, and E.

S.M. Yoon, H. Ishiwara, and E. Tokumitsu

Forming gas annealing effects on the microsturcture and ferroelectricity of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> thin films prepared by metalorganic decomposition

Tao Yu, Dong-Sheng Wang, Di Wu, Ai-Dong Li, Xin-Hua Zhu, An Hu, Zhi-Guo Liu, and Nai-Ben Ming

Pt electrode integration study on MOCVD SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> films Kaushal K. Singh, Prabhakar Bandaru, Martin Amberger, Christof Kurthen, Talex Sajoto, V. Siva, and Jun Zhao

Degradation mechanisms of SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> ferroelectric thin film capacitors during forming gas annealing

W. Hartner, P. Bosk, G. Schindler, C. Dehm. C. Mazuré,

H. Schroeder, and R. Waser

A novel diffusion barrier using oxygen stopping layer for high density 16 Mb FRAM

Yoon J. Song, H.H. Kim, S.Y. Lee, D.J. Jung, B.J. Koo, N.W. Jang, C.J. Kim, K.M. Lee, S.O. Park, and Kinam Kim

Study on simple stacked electrode structure for high density ferroelectric memory devices

Hyun-Jung Woo, Dong-Yeon Park, Dong-Su Lee, Seung-Hyun Kim, Jowoong Ha, Cheol Seong Hwang, and Euijoon Yoon

Effects of Ti/Ir hybrid top electrodes of PZT capacitors on hydrogen related degradation

J. Kim, J.M. Koo, T.H. Kim, I. Bang, and J.G. Lee

Inter-metal dielectric process and hydrogen degradation in integrated SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> based ferroelectric memory

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The electrical properties of strained (Ba<sub>0.5</sub>,Sr<sub>0.5</sub>)TiO<sub>3</sub> in MFIS structures *Jaichan Lee* 

Etch characteristic of iridium thin films in fabrication of ferroelectric capacitors

Chee Won Chung, Chang Jung Kim, and Ilsub Chung

Effect of contact area and perimeter on ferroelectric properties and the modeling

S.S. Lee, E.Y. Kang, J.Y. Sung, J.W. Kim, C.H. Chung, Y.M. Kang, B. Yang, and N.S. Kang

Etching high k and ferroelectric capacitors

Jay Hwang, Chris Ying, Jaklyn

Jin, and Steve Mak

Diffusion barrier structures for the integration of CVD-(Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> capacitors using Ru electrodes *T. Kuroiwa, T. Shibano, Y. Yoneda, M. Tarutani, T. Takenaga, T. Sato, and T. Oomuri* 

# HIGH FREQUENCY DE-VICES

Microwave tunable filter employed with ferroelectric films at high microwave power

A. Kozyrev, A. Ivanov, T. Samoilova, O. Soldatenkov, D. Ginley, and T. Rivkin

A mechanism of microwave dielectric loss in ferroelectric thin films

A. Tagantsev

High frequency properties of barium strontium titanate thin films on Pt/Si G.T. Stauf, J.F. Roeder, A. Tombak, A. Mortazawi, T. Ayguavives, J.-P. Maria, and A.I. Kingon

Effects of annealing on electronic properties of epitaxial BST thin films

W. Lin, J. Zheng, H. Huang, J.J. Schmitt, A.T. Hunt, R.R. Romanofsky, F.W. Van Keuls, and F.A. Miranda

Preparation and investigation of microwave varactors based on strontium titanate and barium strontium titanate thin films

E.K. Hollmann, S.V. Razumov, V.E. Loginov, V.I. Goldrin, A.V. Tumarkin, A.M. Prudan, A.V. Zemtsov, and M.M. Gaidukov Life cycle testing of thin film Ba<sub>x</sub>Ssr<sub>1-x</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> in a tunable microwave device

F.A. Miranda, F.W. Van Keuls, R.R. Romanofsky, C.h. Mueller, and J.D. Warner

Epitaxial growth and characterization of (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films

C.L. Chen, J. Shen, Z. Zhang,

W.K. Chu, C.W. Chu, H.J. Gao,

S.J. Pennycook, F.A. Miranda,

and F.W. Van Keuls

MOCVD Ba<sub>1-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> (BST) thin films for high frequency tunable devices

P.K. Baumann, S.K. Streiffer, J. Im, O. Auciello, D.Y. Kaufman, J. Giumarra, and R. Erck

Composition control of magnetron sputter deposited BST thin films for voltage tunable devices

Jaemo I, O. Auciello, P.K. Baumann, S.K. Streiffer, C.Y. Kaufman, and A.R. Krauss

Microwave properties of ferroelectric film planar varactors

A. Kozyrev, V. Keis, A. Ivanov, O. Soldatenkov, v. Loginov, A. Taricin, and J. Graul

Higher dielectric tunability of Ba<sub>1-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films by compositional heterogeneity of Ba/Sr ratio in micro-region

Yongping Ding and Zhongyan Meng

Thin films functional modules *M. Klee, P. Löbl, R. Kiewitt, W. Brand, and P. Lok* 

Study of physical properties of some systems of seignettomagnetic solid solutions with the perovskite type structure

V.V. Gagulin, S.K. Korchagina, Yu.A. Shevchuk, and V.V. Ivanova

Heat effect as a cause of enhancement of microwave nonlinearity of planar  $SrTiO_3$  capacitors on sapphire substrate at T = 78 K

T. Samilova and A. Astafiev

# FIELD EFFECT DEVICES

Ferroelectric properties of YMnO<sub>3</sub> thin films prepared by chemical solution deposition

C.I. Cheon, K.Y. Yun, J.S. Kim, and J.H. Kim

Electrical properties of metalferroelectric-insulator-semiconductor-FET using SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> film prepared at low temperature by pulsed laser deposition

H. Sugiyama, K.Kodama, T. Nakaiso, M. Noda, and M. Okuyama

Chemical processing and properties of  $Sr_2(Ta,Nb)_2O_7$  thin films *K. Kato* 

Characteristics of ferroelecttric YMnO<sub>3</sub> thin films for MFISFET by MOCVD

Kyu-Jeong Choi Woong-Chul Shin, and Soon-Gil Yoon

Fabrication and characterization of MFISFET using Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> insulating layer for nonvolatile memory

Chang Ho Shin, Seon Yong Cha, Hee Chul Lee, Won-Jae Lee, and Byoung-Gon Yu

Dielectric constant measurement of several high-*k* candidates for gate oxides

J.H. Haeni, D.G. Schlom, F. Lichtenberg, and A.G. Petrosyan

On the possibility of using ferroelectric films deposited on silicon in memory devices

A.A. Grekov, S.V. Tolstousov,

and E.N. Myasnikov

Characteristics of Pt/SBT/ZrO<sub>2</sub>/Si structure for metal ferroelectric insulator semiconductor field effect transistor applications

J.D. Park and T.S. Oh

Low and infralow frequencies dielectric response of multicomponent PZT-based system

Liu Xiaohua, J. Yin, L. Wang, J. Li, X.H. Zhu, K.J. Chen, and Z.G. Liu

Buffer layer dependence of memory effects for SrBi<sub>2</sub>Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub> memory capacitors on Si

J-P. Han, X. Guo, T.P. Ma, A. Ils, M. Cantoni, J-M. Sallese, and P. Fazan

The prototype MFIS structure using strained (Ba<sub>0.5</sub>,Sr<sub>0.5</sub>)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films as ferroelectric

Jaichan Lee

Electrical characteristics of Pt-SBTpoly silicon (Mfip) capacitors with yttrium oxide as the buffer layer

T.S. Kalkur and John Lindsey

#### DRAM

Electrical behavior of Mg<sub>x</sub>SrTi<sub>1-x</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ceramics

A.R. Ferreira, J.M. Perdigao, C. de Francisco, and J. Ignacio de la Torre

DC field induced antiferroelectric phase transition in bulk, single crystal strontioum titanate

S. Gevorgian, A. Eriksson, P. Petrov, P. Linner, G. Lövestam, and E.Wikborg

Universal dielectric response and complex impedance spectroscopy in (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films

S. Saha and S.B. Krupanidhi

The study of high dielectric (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films deposited by RF magnetron so-sputtering *C.C. Jaing, C.H. Lai, H.L. Kao*,

C.C. Jaing, C.H. Lai, H.L. Kao, and J.S. Chen

Chemical vapor deposition of (Ti,Al)N diffusion barrier layer for high dielectric and ferroelectric capacitors

J. Song, J. Park, C.S. Hwang, D.Y. Yang, Y.K. Han, and C.J. Hwang

AC conductivity and oxygen vacancy mobility and studies in pulsed laser ablated (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films

S. Saha and S.B. Krupanidhi

High temperature conductivity behavior of doped SrTiO<sub>3</sub> thin films *Ch. Ohly, S. Hoffmann, K. Szot, and R. Waser* 

On leakage current models applied to thin films

Herbert Schroeder

Structural and dielectric properties of BaTiO<sub>3</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub> -multilayers deposited by PLD

G. Köbernik, W. Hässler, and F. Weiss

The properties of oriented (Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films Wen Ding and Zhongyan Meng

The resistance degradation of (Ba<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>)TiO<sub>3</sub> thin films Feng Yan

# **PUBLICATIONS**

#### New volumes from MRS ...

#### POLYCRYSTALLINE METAL AND MAGNETIC THIN FILMS

Just published by the Materials Research Society (MRS), *Polycrystalline metal and magnetic thin films* documents symposium reports from the 1999 MRS Spring Meeting in San Francisco, California, and contains 49 papers, 348 pp.

The unprecedented growth in the semiconductor, electronics, and storage industries is the result of continued miniaturization of circuit devices, increases in chip functionality, and increased storage capacity and performance, along with a decrease in per-function cost. Hardware shrinkage has taken place both laterally and vertically, leading to similar decreases in the dimensions of interconnection wires, contact metallization, and magnetic storage footprints. The increasingly important role of surfaces, interfaces, defects, and impurities has raised serious materials questions about how to control the properties of polycrystalline thin films used in applications requiring tight performance tolerances. This is equally true as the dimensions of these films shrink to levels where 100 or fewer atomic layers are routinely being used to achieve critical materials properties. The understanding of polycrystalline film structures during growth, and the evolution of various film properties with time and temperature, is critical to the successful design and development of smaller devices. This volume highlights the direction taken to understand and control the properties of polycrystalline materials. Topics include magnetic thin films, thin-film microstructure, texture and stress, copper microstructure, nanocrystalline magnetic thin films, and thin-film permanent magnets.

Edited by D.E. Laughlin (Carnegie Mellon University), K.P. Rodbell (IBM T.J. Watson Research Center), O. Thomas (Université Aix-Marseille), and B. Zhang (MMC Technology), *Polycrystalline metal and magnetic thin films* [ISBN: 1-55899-469-60] is Volume 562 in the MRS Symposium Proceedings Series and is available in hardcover or microfiche for \$59.00 (MRS members), \$69.00 (U.S. list), and \$76.00 (non-U.S. list).

#### AMORPHOUS AND HETEROGENEOUS SILICON THIN FILMS: FUNDAMENTALS TO DEVICES

Applications requiring large-area semiconductor coverage rely increasingly on amorphous and heterogeneous silicon materials because they can be deposited at low cost on a variety of substrates. This new volume from MRS covers the range from fundamental research to the device applications of these materials. A special session on mediumrange order is featured and confirms the belief that ordering correlates with the electronic quality of a-Si:H films. Important new experimental observations on metastable effects in a-Si:H are also reported, as are new devices and processing strategies. Topics include growth and properties, high-rate deposition, recrystallization, amorphization and porous silicon, ordering and hydrogen, metastability, defects, band tails and transport, heterogeneous materials and devices, thin-film transistors and displays, solar cells, detectors, imagers, and other devices.

Edited by H.M. Branz (National Renewable Energy Laboratory), R.W. Collins (The Pennsylvania State University), H. Okamoto (Osaka University), S. Guha (United Solar Systems Corp.), and R. Schropp (Utrecht University), *Amorphous and heterogeneous silicon thin films: Fundamentals to devices*, [ISBN: 1-55899-464-5] documents symposium proceedings from the 1999 MRS Spring Meeting in San Francisco, California, and contains 135 papers, 888 pages. Volume 557 in the MRS Symposium Proceedings Series, it is available in hardcover for \$65.00 (MRS members), \$77.00 (U.S. list), and \$85.00 (non-U.S. list).

# More volumes ...

PROPERTIES AND PROCESSING OF VAPOR-DEPOSITED COATINGS LIQUID CRYSTAL MATERIALS AND DEVICES QUASICRYSTALS ORGANIC NONLINEAR OPTICAL MATERIALS AND DEVICES MATERIALS RELIABILITY IN MICROELECTRONICS IX

Contact: info@mrs.org www.mrs.org

# SPIE's 2000 Symposium and Education Program on Microelectronic Manufacturing 18–19 September 2000 Santa Clara Marriott, Santa Clara, California, USA

The symposium presents a stimulating program covering challenges in process integration and device technology as well as process control and diagnostics. It investigates the cutting edge manufacturing technologies impacting the current and future production of microelectronics. The challenges range from inception of a technology to the cost-effective production to state-of-the-art microelectronic devices. A complimentary education program provides indepth training opportunites by experts in semiconductor manufacturing. The symposium has ample "connectivity" opportunity for the researchers aand engineers in academia, government, and the private sector. In addition to benefits gained from technical exchanges, the "connectivity" determines the participants' ability to manufacture cost-effective, reliable products and deliver them on time.

#### **Topics of Short Courses**

- Semiconductor characterization, reliability, and failure analysis
- Vertical scaling for deep submicron devices: Dielectrics, dopants, and contacts
- MOEMS/MEMS: Technology and applications
- Dry etching in microelectronic manufacturing
- Practical process designs for microlithography
- MOS gate dielectrics: Process, technology, and reliability
- Chip reliability
- Copper interconnect technology
- Deep sub-micron process integration and characterization
- Extending semiconductor lithography resolution using image process integration
- RF MEMS and reconfigurable antennas for wireless communication
- Polysilicon surface micromachine technology and devices
- Multilevel interconnection technology
- Submicron device physics and technology
- · Integrated circuit fabrication technology and yield control

# **Continuing Education Program**

Diagnostics, Yield, and Reliability

- Semiconductor characterization, reliability, and failure analysis
- MOS gate dielectrics: Process, technology, and reliability
- Chip reliability
- Submicron device physics and technology

# Device and Process Technology

- Vertical scaling for deep submicron devices: Dielectrics, dopants, and contacts
- Dry etching in microelectronic manufacturing
- Deep sub-micron process: Integration and characterization
- Multilevel interconnection technology
- Copper interconnect technology
- Integrated circuit fabrication technology and yield control

# Multilithography and Patterning

- Practical process design for microlithography
- Extending semiconductor lithography resolution using image process integration

#### Micromachining and Microfabrication

- Polysilicon surface micromachine technology and devices
- MOEMS/MEMS technology and applications
- RF MEMS and reconfigurable antennas for wireless communications

#### **Contact**

Society for Photo-Optical Instrumentation Engineers (SPIE)
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# 2000 Fall Materials Research Society (MRS) Meeting 27 November–1 December 2000 Boston, Massachusetts, USA

The 200 Fall MRS Meeting will highlight recent and significant advances in the understanding, processing, and synthesis of materials. Over 40 technical symposia will cover a wide range of topics in materials science, including nanoscale materials, device and functional materials, thin films, defects and interfaces, novel processing methods, and polymeric materials. This meeting will also include a special cluster of symposia dedicated to biomedical materials.

New symposia will be offered in many exciting areas such as nanoscale materials and fabrication, microphotonics, spintronics, novel semiconductor materials, glassy and quasicrystalline alloys, applied magnetic field effects in processing, thermal barrier coatings, ultrafast optical phenomena, irradiation effects, interfaces, and the limits of the strength of materials. Popular ongoing series of symposia will continue in nitride semiconductors, thin-film mechanicl properties, high-temperature intermetallics, ion beam synthesis, dynamics in confined systems, concrete, catalytic materials, materials science of MEMS, ferroelectrics, and organic electronics.

Symposia on computer modeling and calculations in materials science will provide a forum for interaction between theorists and experimentalists. The biomaterials symposia will examine neurological, cardiovascular, orthopedic, and dental biomaterials and biomaterials for drug delivery. Strong interaction among the symposia will highlight the interdisciplinary nature of materials science.

Tutorial sessions in selected areas will provide introductions to new fields. There wil be an exhibition of products and services of interest to the materials community, and the popular Symposium X series will feature topics on the forefront of materials science.

#### **Symposium CC: Ferroelectric Thin Films IX**

This symposium will provide a wide range of topics encompassing basic academic research to applied integration issues. These topics will cover fundamental materials properties studies, new growth methods, device and materials integration research, and developments in designing and growing new materials, all involving epitaxial, polycrystalline, and nanocrystalline ferroelectric thin films. Ferroelectric materials span a broad range of properties, and this symposium will cover high dielectric constant materials for DRAM and tunable RF circuits, ferroelectric switching for nonvolatile memory devices, low-loss electrooptical thin films, high-response pyroelectric materials, piezoelectric

properties for micromachines, and basic materials research on all of the compounds that make these applications possible. Many other rapidly developing research areas, as well as memory technologies, will also be represented.

Contributions are solicited in, but not limited to, the following areas:

- DRAM materials and devices
- Fe RAM materials and devices
- Advances in ferroelectric and electrode deposition
- New materials and devices
- Electrode effects
- Issues of integration into semiconductor processess such as H<sub>2</sub> degradation
- Ferroelectric and electrode etch processes

# **Symposium Organizers**

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www.mrs.org

# Ferroelectricity Newsletter

including all back issues is available on Internet

# http://www.sp.nps.navy.mil/projects/ferro/ferro.html

in Adobe Acrobat PDF file format

The PDF file format maintains the graphics and organization of the printed newsletter. Adobe Acrobat Reader is a helper application distributed free for Web browsers. Acrobat is available for Macintosh, Windows, DOS, SGI, and Sun SPARC operating systems.

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fax: +831-655-3734 e-mail: liebmann@redshift.com *or* rpanholzer@nps.navy.mil mail: Hannah Liebmann, 500 Glenwood Cir., Ste 238, Monterey, CA 93940-4724 USA

# 13th International Symposium on Integrated Ferroelectrics (ISIF 2001) 11–14 March 2001 Colorado Springs, Colorado, USA

Recent progress in research on ferroelectric thin films and the resultant technological applications are signs of a bright future for research and new applications of the technology. The growing maturity of ferroelectric applications is an indication of the high activity in research and commercialization.

The work on high permittivity thin films suggests that these materials may play a fundamental role in a new generation of DRAMs. The field of ferroelectric/piezoelectric materials is experiencing considerable growth due to the potential applications in MEMS technologies. Pyroelectric sensors, integrated high-frequency devices, electrooptical components, nanotechnology and the exploitation of nano-size effects will all be topics addresses at this symposium.

#### **Topics**

- Device integration issues
- · Testing and characterization
- DRAMs and materials
- · FeRAMs and materials
- Modeling and theory
- High frequency devices
- Pyroelectric/IR and optical applications
- Piezoelectric and MEMS applications
- Nonvolatile memory applications
- Nano-size effects
- · Circuits and devices
- · Field effect devices
- · Novel characterization
- Ferroelectrics for space applications
- · Graded ferro devices
- · Integrated sensors

#### Special Topic for 2001

• FeRAM-based smart cards/tags and applications

#### **Deadline for Abstracts**

31 October 2000

#### **Contact**

**Kerry Baugh**, Symposium Coordinator, University of Colorado at Colorado Springs 1867 Austin Bluffs Parkway, Suite 201, PO Box 7150, Colorado Springs, CO 80933-7150 USA phone: +719-262-3488

#### Website

www.isif.net

# 2001 Spring Materials Research Society (MRS) Meeting 16–20 April 2001 San Francisco, California, USA

This meeting will include 33 symposia that highlight new advances in the understanding, synthesis, and application of materials in fields ranging from advanced integrated circuits to biomaterials.

All abstracts are to be submitted to MRS headquarters. Abstracts submitted by fax or mail must be received at MRS by 18 October 2000. Due to the ease and efficiency of Web submissions, the deadline for abstracts sent via the MRS Website will be extended until 1 November.

More than 97 percent of authors submit their abstracts by using the MRS Website. Web submittal provides step-by-step instructions, the extended deadline of 1 November, and immediate confirmation of receipt. The abstract submission Website will be activated 1 October. Templates and complete submission instructions may be found on the MRS Website at www.mrs.org/meetings/spring2001/

#### Thin Films and Surface Phenomena Symposia

- Mechanisms of surface and microstructure evolution in deposited films and film structures
- Dislocations and deformation mechanisms in thin films and small structures
- · Femtosecond materials science and technology
- Morphology and dynamics of crystal surfaces in molecular and colloid systems
- Fundamental studies of corrosion and oxidation

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# "Tunable Microwave Devices and Circuits"

This special focused session will be held at the Asia Pacific Microwave Conference (APMC 2000) from 3–6 December 2000 in Sydney, Australia.

For more information please contact

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Website: www.icms.com.au/apmc

# 8th International Conference on Ferroelectric Liquid Crystals (FLC 2001) 5–11 August 2001 Georgetown University, Washington, D.C. USA

The conference is the eighth in a series of biennial international meetings. The first conference was held in Arcachon (France) in 1987, followed by Gothenborg (Sweden) 1989, Boulder (USA) 1991, Tokyo (Japan) 1993, Cambridge (UK) 1995, Brest (France) 1997, and Darmstadt (Germany) 1999.

The main aim is to bring together scientists, engineers, and students active in the field of ferroelectric liquid crystals and related topics to present and discuss their recent and advanced developments in the area.

The program will consist of invited lectures, oral and written contributions. Tutorials, demonstrations, and posters will be part of the conference.

The proceedings will be published in special editions of *Ferroelectrics*.

#### **Topics**

- Synthesis and design of new materials
- Properties of new mixtures for application
- Banana-shaped and achiral switchable systems
- Ferro-, ferri-, antiferroelectric and TGB phases
- PSFLCs, PDFLCs and FLC networks
- Ferroelectric and pyroelectric polymers; ferroelectric and chiral bipolymers
- Surface interactions
- Modeling of FLCs
- Linear, nonlinear, and electrooptical properties
- Device technology: Addressing, switching, alignment
- Nondisplay applications: Switching, data processing, telecommunication
- Display application

#### Contact

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# 10th International Meeting on Ferroelectricity (IMF-10) 3–7 September 2001 Madrid, Spain

This conference will be the 10th in a series of meetings held regularly every four years. It will cover a broad range of topics about ferroelectric materials, ferroelectric transitions and related systems including experimental work on physical, structural, dielectric, thermal, acoustic, electromechanical, and optical properties, as well as on theory and applications.

# **Topics**

#### **Materials**

- New ferroelectric and related materials
- Thin films
- Relaxor ferroelectrics
- Polymers and liquid crystals
- Ferroelectric ceramics processing

# **Properties**

- Nonlinear properties
- High-pressure effects
- Microwave and dielectric properties
- Raman, Brillouin, and IR spectroscopies
- NMR, ESR, and NQR studies

#### **Theory**

- Domains and domain structures
- Defects and imperfections
- Structure and crystal growth
- Advances in theory
- Phase transitions and critical phenomena
- Incommensurate transitions
- Quantum effects
- Computer simulations
- Disorder symptoms

#### **Applications**

- · Piezoelectricity
- Pyroelectricity
- Ferroelasticity
- Sensors, actuators, and transducers
- Novel applications

#### **Contact**

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# **CALENDAR OF EVENTS 2000**

Aug 27-30	• 5th European Conference on the Application of Polar Dielectrics (ECAPD-5), Jurmala, Latvia (see <i>Ferroelectricity Newsletter</i> , Vol. 7, No. 3, p. 17)
Sep 3-6	• Electroceramics VII, Portoroz, Slovenia (see Ferroelectricity Newsletter, Vol. 7, No. 3, p. 18)
Sep 11-14	3rd (8) International Seminar on Ferroelastics Physics (ISFP-3(8), Voronezh, Russia (see Ferroelectricity Newsletter, Vol. 8, No. 2, p. 16)
Sep 18-19	Microelectronic Manufacturing, Santa Clara, California, USA (see p. 29)
Sep 25-28	<ul> <li>Materials Week, International Congress on Advanced Materials, Their Processes and Applications, Munich, Germany (see Ferroelectricity Newsletter, Vol. 8, No. 2, p. 17)</li> </ul>
Nov 27- Dec 1	MRS 2000 Fall Meeting, Boston, Massachusetts, USA (see p. 30)
Dec 3-6	Session on "Tunable Microwave Devices and Circuits," Asia Pacific Microwave Conference (APMC 2000), Sydney, Australia. Contact: gsubrama@engr.udayton.edu
Dec 12-15 •	3rd Asian Meeting on Ferroelectrics (AMF-3), Hong Kong, China (see <i>Ferroelectricity Newsletter</i> , Vol. 7, No. 3, p. 19)
	2001
Mar 5-8	<ul> <li>"Active Materials: Behavior and Mechanics (ss08)," Part of SPIE's 8th International Symposium on Smart Structures and Materials, Newport Beach, California, USA Contact: lupascu@ceramics.tu-darmstadt.de</li> </ul>
Mar 11-14	13th International Sympoium on Integrated Ferroelectrics (ISIF 2001), Colorado Springs,     Colorado, USA (see p. 32)
Apr 16-20	MRS 2001 Spring Meeting, San Francisco, California, USA (see p. 33)
Aug 5-11	8th International Conference on Ferroelectric Liquid Crystals (FLC 2001), Washington, D.C., USA (see p. 34)
Sep 3-7	10th International Meeting on Ferroelectricity (IMF-10), Madrid, Spain (see p. 35)